



*Стална мисија Босне и Херцеговине при Канцеларији Уједињених нација у Бечу,
ОЕБС-у и другим међународним организацијама, БЕЧ
Permanent Mission of Bosnia and Herzegovina to the United Nations Office
at Vienna, OSCE and other International Organizations, V I E N N A*

MIS-OSCE/UN-VIE
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NOTE VERBALE

The Permanent Mission of Bosnia and Herzegovina to the OSCE, United Nations and other International Organizations in Vienna presents its compliments to all Delegations and Permanent Missions of the OSCE participating States and has honor to enclose the replay to the Questionnaire on Anti-Personnel Mines and Explosive Remnants of War for the year 2019.

The Permanent Mission of Bosnia and Herzegovina to the OSCE, United Nations and other International Organizations in Vienna avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the Permanent Missions and Delegations of all OSCE participating States and Conflict Prevention Centre of the OSCE the assurances of its highest consideration.

Vienna, 28 January 2021

To:

OSCE Conflict Prevention Centre (CPC)
All Delegations/Permanent Missions to the OSCE
V I E N N A

OSCE QUESTIONNAIRE ON ANTI-PERSONNEL MINES
To be submitted no later than 31 May of each year (starting in May 2005)

Part I

1. Is your country a State Party to the 1996 Amended Protocol II on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps and Other Devices annexed to the 1980 Convention on Conventional Weapons (CCW)?

YES. Bosnia and Herzegovina is a State Party since 07th September 2000.

If yes:

2. Please attach the most recent annual report submitted by your country in accordance with Article 13 of the Amended Protocol or give the appropriate electronic address for the report.

Please find attached annual report for 2019 submitted in accordance with Article 13 of the Amended Protocol with all relevant information on questions related to the Amended Protocol II on prohibitions or restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby - Traps and Other devices.

If no:

3. Is your country considering ratification/accession to the Amended Protocol II?

4. What measures have been taken to prevent the indiscriminate use of mines, booby-traps and other devices?

5. Would your country be interested in receiving assistance related to the implementation of this Protocol? If so, please describe.

6. Does your country have the capacity to assist others related to this Protocol? If so, please describe.

Part II

7. Has your country ratified or acceded to the 1997 Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on Their Destruction?

YES. Bosnia and Herzegovina is a State Party since 08th September 1998.

8.(a) If yes, please attach the most recent report submitted by your country in accordance with Article 7 of the Convention or give the appropriate electronic address for the report.

Please find attached annual report for 2019 submitted in accordance with Article 7 of the Convention with all relevant information on questions related to the Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on Their Destruction.

(b) If no, is your country considering ratification/accession to the Convention?

(c) Has your country adopted legislation to address the humanitarian objectives of the convention, or taken any specific measures regarding the use, production, storage, transfer and destruction of anti-personnel landmines? In case a moratorium has been introduced, what is its scope and duration and when was it introduced?

Bosnia and Herzegovina hasn't passed the Law about implementation on the Conventions. In Bosnia and Herzegovina Conventions and Protocols from the area of Mine Action are ratified by Presidency of Bosnia and Herzegovina and published in Official Gazette of Bosnia and Herzegovina. Bosnia and Herzegovina Criminal Law has been annexed to accommodate ban of all the activities prohibited under the Convention. Criminal Law of Bosnia and Herzegovina enter into force on 1st March 2003. Chapter XVI: Criminal acts against integrity of Bosnia and Herzegovina – Article 165; Chapter XVII: Criminal acts against humanity and values protected under international law – Articles 193 and 193 a.

9. Does your country have any specific measures in place to provide assistance to victims?

Bosnia and Herzegovina has a very developed system of health care with clinics, clinical centres, specialised semi-clinics, hospitals and rehabilitation centres. In order to increase the availability of services in local communities, there are additionally opened Rehabilitation Centres (CBR) as well as Centres for Mental Health (CMZ) at more than 60 separate location within Bosnia and Herzegovina. Additionally, as for the resolving problems of mine victims, i.e. reduction of so called "phantom pain there are centres for pain relief and medical personnel specifically trained for assisting in these centres. Equipping mine victims with prosthetics' in on a high level. The country partially of fully pays for the prosthetics costs. Achievements of Bosnia and Herzegovina in health care is visible through the fact that mine victims point out th social aspect of the problem rather than the medical one. Apart from all efforts, there is a necessity for personnel improvement in health system as well as widening of the health services offered. Law and regulations which reflect on mine victims are under the authority of Entities and Brcko District, and they are more and more in accordance with approaches to disabled persons in the countries of EU. Bosnia and Herzegovina within its constitutional frames provides protections for persons who need it, primarily disabled persons, between them civilian war victims, i.e. mine victims. In both Entities, there are Funds for Professional Rehabilitation and Employment for disabled. Based on the health care regulations, conditions were secured and defined through these funds for the realisation of rights and benefits, with the aim to improve professional rehabilitation and employment of disabled persons, regardless of the cause of their disability. There are various projects supported by the Government sector but also by activities of the NGO's which work on projects of economical re-socialisation and mine victims reintegration, along with their families. We must point out that general decrease in international financial aid reflects to the decrease in mine victims assistance and reduction of NGO sector activities in Bosnia and Herzegovina related to mine victims.

10. Does your country require assistance in mine clearance, stockpile destruction, mine awareness and/or victim assistance? If so, please describe.

In 2019, suspect hazardous area was reduced by 53.0 km²). Non-technical methods (systematic and general/non-technical survey) conducted by Mine Action Centre BiH cancelled 49.7 km², while technical methods (technical survey and mine clearance) conducted by accredited organisations, reduced and cleared 3.30 km². In stated operations, 963 anti-personnel mines were found and destroyed, along with 19 anti-tank mines and 389 pieces of ERW.

In 2019, according to available Mine Action Centre in BiH, funds totalling 40.231.779 BAM plan – 41.425.000 BAM, were spent on mine action. Out of that, national resources totalled 31.287.965 BAM, and international (donors'), 8.943.814 BAM.

During 2019, there were 17 organisations accredited for mine action in BiH, out of which: 5 government organisations (Armed Forces BiH, Federal Administration for Civil Protection, Republic of Srpska Administration for Civil Protection, Civil Protection Brčko District and Red Cross Society BiH), 4 commercial organisations (4 national) and 8 nongovernment organisations (6 national and 2 international). Within accredited organisations, 1.200 persons were engaged who possess the accreditation and licence for work in mine action activities, i.e. 900 deminers and 300 persons authorised for the conduct of managerial and supervision tasks (team leaders, site leaders, operational officers, quality assurance officers, EDD teams trainers, dog handlers, operators etc.).

Bosnia and Herzegovina has necessary human and technical resources for the conduct of humanitarian demining operations and other mine action, but it requires aid in securing the firm and continuous financing for the conduct of stated operations.

11. Does your country have the capacity to assist others in mine action? If so, please describe.

YES. To the international community involved with mine action BHMAC can offer the following:

- Assistance during the organization of national mine action centres,*
- Laws, by-laws and normative regulations,*
- Establishment of mine information system and geoinformation system, digitalisation of maps,*
- Planning system – preparation of national programmes and operative plans,*
- Definition of suspected hazardous area and marking,*
- Quality assurance and quality control over humanitarian demining operations,*
- Education of humanitarian demining executors (deminers, auxiliary workers and management),*
- Mine risk education, primarily local population and children,*
- Mine victims assistance.*

OSCE QUESTIONNAIRE ON EXPLOSIVE REMNANTS OF WAR
To be submitted on a voluntary basis along with the OSCE Questionnaire
on Anti-personnel Mines no later than 31 May each year.

1. Has your country notified the Depositary of its consent to be bound by the 2003 CCW Protocol V on Explosive Remnants of War (ERW) once it enters into force? Is your country considering doing so?

Yes

2. If yes, at what stage is the process?

Please find attached Annual report for 2019 with all relevant information on questions related to the CCW Protocol V on Explosive Remnants of War (ERW).

3. Would your country be interested in receiving assistance in clearing or otherwise minimizing the risks and effects of ERW? If so, please describe.

No

4. Does your country have the capacity to assist others in clearing and minimizing the risks and effects of ERW? If so, please describe.

Accredited organizations for EOD operations in Bosnia and Herzegovina as part of the Mine Action system already have significant role in various international projects and forms of cooperation, especially throughout the region of SE Europe. Bosnia and Herzegovina can offer experience know-how in various aspects of Mine Action.

Reporting formats for Article 7 of the Convention on Cluster Munitions

Cover page¹ of the annual article 7 report

Name of State [Party]: **BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA**

Reporting period: JAN 01, 2019 to DEC 31, 2019

(dd/mm/yyyy) (dd/mm/yyyy)

Form A: National implementation measures: <input type="checkbox"/> changed X unchanged (last reporting: 2015) <input type="checkbox"/> non applicable	Form F: Contaminated areas and clearance: X changed <input type="checkbox"/> unchanged (last reporting: yyyy) <input type="checkbox"/> non applicable
Form B: Stockpiles and destruction: X changed <input type="checkbox"/> unchanged (last reporting: yyyy) <input type="checkbox"/> non applicable	Form G: Warning to the population and risk education: X changed <input type="checkbox"/> unchanged (last reporting: yyyy) <input type="checkbox"/> non applicable
Form C: Technical characteristics of each type produced/owned or possessed: <input type="checkbox"/> changed X unchanged (last reporting: 2015) <input type="checkbox"/> non applicable	Form H: Victim assistance: X changed <input type="checkbox"/> unchanged (last reporting: yyyy) <input type="checkbox"/> non applicable
Form D: Cluster munitions retained and transferred: X changed <input type="checkbox"/> unchanged (last reporting: yyyy) <input type="checkbox"/> non applicable	Form I: National resources and international cooperation and Assistance: X changed <input type="checkbox"/> unchanged (last reporting: yyyy) <input type="checkbox"/> non applicable
Form E: Status of conversion programmes: <input type="checkbox"/> changed X unchanged (last reporting: 2015) <input type="checkbox"/> non applicable	Form J: Other relevant matters: <input type="checkbox"/> changed X unchanged (last reporting: 2015) <input type="checkbox"/> non applicable

¹ Notes on using the cover page:

1. The cover page could be used as a complement to submitting detailed forms adopted at the Meetings of the States parties in instances when the information to be provided in some of the forms in an annual report is the same as in past reports. That is, when using the cover page, only forms within which there is new information would need to be submitted.
2. The cover page could be used as a substitute for submitting detailed forms adopted at the Meetings of the States parties only if all of the information to be provided in an annual report is the same as in past reports.
3. If an indication is made on the cover sheet that the information to be provided with respect to a particular form would be unchanged in relationship to a previous year's form, the date of submission of the previous form should be clearly indicated.
4. The cover page may be used for subsequent annual reports and is not to be used for the initial Article 7 report submission.

Convention on Cluster Munitions

Reporting formats for article 7 of the Convention on Cluster Munitions

State [Party] **BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA**

National point(s) of contact (organization, telephones, fax, e-mail)*:

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Ministry of Civil Affairs of BiH/Demining Commission in BiH/BHMAC;
tel/fax number: +387 33 445 082; +387 33 206 466; +387 33 253 800; info@bhmac.org

Date of submission: 03/04/2020 [day/month/year]

Reporting time period from JAN 01, 2019 [day/month] **to** DEC 31, 2019 [day/month/year]

NOTE : all data shaded in gray is provided on a VOLONTARY basis but pertains to compliance and implementation not covered by the formal reporting requirements contained in article 7.

* In accordance with art. 7, para. 1, subpara. (l).

Form A National implementation measures

Article 7, paragraph 1

“Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

(a) The national implementation measures referred to in article 9;”

Remark: In accordance with article 9 “Each State Party shall take all appropriate legal, administrative and other measures to implement this Convention, including the imposition of penal sanctions, to prevent and suppress any activity prohibited to a State Party under this Convention undertaken by persons or on territory under its jurisdiction or control.”

State [Party]: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

Reporting for time period from JAN 01, 2019 **to** DEC 31, 2019

<i>Legal, administrative and other measures taken to implement the CCM (including imposition of penal sanctions)</i>	<i>Supplementary information (e.g., text and effective date of implementation measures, including legislation, administrative measures, policies and directives, training of military forces)</i>
Pursuant to the Article V.3.d of the Constitution of Bosnia and Herzegovina and with the consent of the Parliamentary Assembly of Bosnia and Herzegovina (BiH PS Decision No. 514/10 of May 28, 2010), the Presidency of Bosnia and Herzegovina adopted a Decision on ratifying the Convention on Cluster Munitions at the 74 th session, held on June 17, 2010. The Instrument of Ratification was deposited with the Secretary-General of the UN in New York on September 07 th 2010. In accordance with international obligations of BiH under Disarmament Conventions, the relevant institutions for completion of this report are: BHMAC, Ministry of Defense, Ministry of Foreign Trade and Economic Relations, while Ministry of Foreign Affairs is responsible for coordinating the exchange of information and monitoring the implementation of BiH’s obligations.	Official Gazette of BiH – International Agreements, number 9, from 25.08.2010.

Form B Stockpiles and destruction of cluster munitions

Part I: Stockpiled cluster munitions

Article 7, paragraph 1

“Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

- (b) The total of all cluster munitions, including explosive submunitions, referred to in paragraph 1 of article 3 of this Convention, to include a breakdown of their type, quantity and, if possible, lot numbers of each type;

[...]

- (g) Stockpiles of cluster munitions, including explosive submunitions, discovered after reported completion of the programme referred to in subparagraph (e) of this paragraph, and plans for their destruction in accordance with article 3 of this Convention;”

State [Party]: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

Reporting for time period from JAN 01, 2019 to DEC 31, 2019

1. The total of all cluster munitions and explosive submunitions, stockpiled under the jurisdiction and control of the State Party

The following table does not include munitions retained for the purpose of training and expertise (in accordance with art. 3, para. 6) reported in form C.

<i>Cluster munition type</i>	<i>Quantity</i>	<i>Lot number (if possible)</i>	<i>Explosive submunition type</i>	<i>Total quantity of explosive submunitions</i>	<i>Lot number (if possible)</i>	<i>Supplementary information</i>
Total			Total			

2. Additional stockpiles discovered after reported completion of the programme for destruction

<i>Cluster munition type</i>	<i>Quantity discovered</i>	<i>Lot number (if possible)</i>	<i>Explosive submunition type</i>	<i>Total quantity of explosive submunitions</i>	<i>Lot number (if possible)</i>	<i>Plans for destruction</i>	<i>Where, when and how discovered</i>	<i>Supplementary information</i>
Total			Total					

3. Status and progress ... in separating all CM under its jurisdiction and control from other munitions retained for operational use and marking them for the purpose of destruction (ref. art. 3, para. 1)

<i>Cluster munition type</i>	<i>Quantity separated and marked for destruction</i>	<i>Lot numbers (if possible)</i>	<i>Explosive submunition type</i>	<i>Total quantity separated and marked for destruction</i>	<i>Lot numbers (if possible)</i>	<i>Supplementary information</i>
Total			Total			

Form B Stockpiles and destruction of cluster munitions (*continued*)

Part II: Status of programmes for the destruction of cluster munitions

Article 7, paragraph 1

“Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

- (e) The status and progress of programmes for the destruction, in accordance with article 3 of this Convention, of cluster munitions, including explosive submunitions, with details of the methods that will be used in destruction, the location of all destruction sites and the applicable safety and environmental standards to be observed;
- (f) The types and quantities of cluster munitions, including explosive submunitions, destroyed in accordance with article 3 of this Convention, including details of the methods of destruction used, the location of the destruction sites and the applicable safety and environmental standards observed;
- (g) Stockpiles of cluster munitions, including explosive submunitions, discovered after reported completion of the programme referred to in subparagraph (e) of this paragraph, and plans for their destruction in accordance with article 3 of this Convention;”

State [Party]: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

Reporting for time period from JAN 01, 2019 to DEC 31, 2019

1. Status and progress of destruction programmes (art. 3)

Status

Plans, general information, timeline

Methods that will be used¹

Name and location of destruction sites that will be used

Applicable safety and environmental standards to be observed

Progress since last report

Supplementary information

¹ Reference to Form B (4).

2. Destruction of cluster munitions, including explosive submunitions, completed BEFORE the entry into force for the State Party (ONLY for initial reports)

<i>Cluster munition type</i>	<i>Quantity destroyed</i>	<i>Lot number (if possible)</i>	<i>Explosive submunition type</i>	<i>Quantity destroyed</i>	<i>Lot numbers (if possible)</i>	<i>Date of completion</i>	<i>Location of destruction sites</i>	<i>Supplementary information</i>
Total			Total					

3. Types and quantities of cluster munitions, including explosive submunitions, destroyed in accordance with article 3

(a) After entry into force

<i>Cluster munition type</i>	<i>Quantity destroyed</i>	<i>Lot number (if possible)</i>	<i>Explosive submunition type</i>	<i>Quantity destroyed*</i>	<i>Lot number (if possible)</i>	<i>Date of completion</i>	<i>Location of destruction sites</i>	<i>Supplementary information</i>
Total								

(b) Additional stockpiles destroyed after reported completion of the programme for destruction

<i>Cluster munition type</i>	<i>Quantity destroyed</i>	<i>Lot number (if possible)</i>	<i>Explosive submunition type</i>	<i>Quantity destroyed*</i>	<i>Lot number (if possible)</i>	<i>Plans for destruction</i>	<i>Progress in destruction/ Date of completion</i>
Total			Total				

* INCLUDING explosive submunitions which are not contained in a cluster munition.

4. Methods of destruction used

<i>Cluster munition type</i>	<i>Details of the methods of destruction used</i>

<i>Explosive submunition type</i>	<i>Details of the methods of destruction used</i>

5. Applicable safety and environmental standards observed in destruction

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6. Challenges and international assistance and cooperation needed for the implementation of article 3

<i>Activity</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Time period</i>	<i>Need</i>

Form C Cluster munitions retained or transferred

Article 3, paragraph 8

“States Parties retaining, acquiring or transferring cluster munitions or explosive submunitions for the purposes described in paragraphs 6 and 7 of this article shall submit a detailed report on the planned and actual use of these cluster munitions and explosive submunitions and their type, quantity and lot numbers. If cluster munitions or explosive submunitions are transferred to another State Party for these purposes, the report shall include reference to the receiving party. Such a report shall be prepared for each year during which a State Party retained, acquired or transferred cluster munitions or explosive submunitions and shall be submitted to the Secretary-General of the United Nations (...).”

State [Party]: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINE

Reporting for time period from JAN 01, 2019 to DEC 31, 2019

1.Type of cluster munitions or explosive submunitions RETAINED in accordance with article 3, paragraph 6

<i>Cluster munition type</i>	<i>Quantity</i>	<i>Lot number</i>	<i>Explosive submunition type</i>	<i>Quantity</i>	<i>Lot number</i>	<i>Planned use</i>	<i>Supplementary information</i>
			CASSETTE BOMBLET – KB1	30		Training	Polygons Lončari, Blagaj and Blagovac Norwegian People Aid - NPA
Total			Total	30			

2.Type of cluster munitions or explosive submunitions ACQUIRED in accordance with article 3, paragraph 6

<i>Cluster munition type</i>	<i>Quantity</i>	<i>Lot number</i>	<i>Explosive submunition type</i>	<i>Quantity</i>	<i>Lot number</i>	<i>Planned use</i>	<i>Supplementary information</i>
Total			Total				

3. Retained/acquired cluster munitions or explosive submunitions used during reporting period in accordance with article 3, paragraph 6

<i>Cluster munition type</i>	<i>Quantity used</i>	<i>Lot number</i>	<i>Explosive submunition type</i>	<i>Quantity used</i>	<i>Lot number</i>	<i>Description of actual use</i>	<i>Supplementary information (e.g. origin)</i>
Total			Total				

4. Type of cluster munitions or explosive submunitions transferred in accordance with article 3, paragraph 7

<i>Cluster munition type</i>	<i>Quantity</i>	<i>Lot number</i>	<i>Explosive submunition type</i>	<i>Quantity</i>	<i>Lot number</i>	<i>Purpose of transfer</i>	<i>Receiving State Party</i>	<i>Supplementary information (e.g. steps taken to ensure destruction in receiving State)</i>
Total			Total					

Form D Technical characteristics of each type produced/owned or possessed

Article 7, paragraph 1

“Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

- (c) The technical characteristics of each type of cluster munition produced by that State Party prior to entry into force of this Convention for it, to the extent known, and those currently owned or possessed by it, giving, where reasonably possible, such categories of information as may facilitate identification and clearance of cluster munitions; at a minimum, this information shall include the dimensions, fusing, explosive content, metallic content, colour photographs and other information that may facilitate the clearance of cluster munition remnants;”

State [Party]: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

Reporting for time period from JAN 01, 2019 to DEC 31, 2019

<i>Cluster munition type*</i>	<i>Dimensions of cluster munition</i>	<i>Cluster munition explosive content (type and weight)</i>	<i>Explosive submunition type and number*</i>	<i>Dimensions of explosive submunition</i>	<i>Submunition fusing</i>	<i>Submunition explosive content (type and weight)</i>	<i>Submunition metallic content (type and weight)</i>	<i>Other information that may facilitate clearance</i>
Rocket ORKAN 262 mm	Lenght 4,656 m without fuse UTE, M85	91 kg	CASSETTE BOMBLET – KB 1 288 pieces	Lenght: 8,7 cm Diameter: max 4 cm	Mechanical Impact Inertia	HE 35 gr approx.	Steel body lined with min 450 steel bals of Ø3 mm approx. 255 g	

* Please attach data sheets including colour photographs.

MRLS missile 262 mm ORKAN M87

- Delivery system MRLS, base vehicle FAP 2832 8X8
- Maximum range: 50 km, Capacity: 12 launch tubes
- Missile mass: 390 kg
- Type of bomblets: KB-1, DPICM
- Number of bomblets: 288 pcs. / warhead,
- Bomblet caliber: 40 mm
- Bomblet effectiveness radius: 10 m
- Rocket motor: 180 kg double-base propellant and igniter



Form E Status and progress of programmes for conversion or decommissioning of production facilities

Article 7, paragraph 1

“Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

- (d) The status and progress of programmes for the conversion or decommissioning of production facilities for cluster munitions;”

State [Party]: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

Reporting for time period from JAN 01, 2019 to DEC 31, 2019

<i>Name and location of production facility</i>	<i>Indicate if to “convert” or “decommission”</i>	<i>Status (indicate if “in process” or “completed”) and progress of the programme</i>	<i>Supplementary information (e.g. plans and timetable for completion)</i>
			There are no production facilities for CM in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Form F Contaminated areas and clearance

Article 7, paragraph 1

“Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

- (h) To the extent possible, the size and location of all cluster munition contaminated areas under its jurisdiction or control, to include as much detail as possible regarding the type and quantity of each type of cluster munition remnant in each such area and when they were used;
- (i) The status and progress of programmes for the clearance and destruction of all types and quantities of cluster munition remnants cleared and destroyed in accordance with article 4 of this Convention, to include the size and location of the cluster munition contaminated area cleared and a breakdown to the quantity of each type of cluster munition remnant cleared and destroyed;”

State [Party]: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

Reporting for time period from JAN 01, 2019 to DEC 31, 2019

1. Size and location of cluster munition contaminated area*

Location**	Size of contaminated area (<i>km</i> ²)	Cluster munition remnants		Estimated or known date of contamination	Method used to estimate suspected area	Supplementary information
		Type	Estimated quantity			
Unsko-sanski Canton	0.07					
Canton – Tuzla	0.41					
Zenicko – dobojski Canton	0.41					
Srednje – bosanski Canton	0.48					
Hercegovacko –Neretva. C.	0.04					
Canton Sarajevo	0.22	KB 1	2.300	1992-1995	NTS	
Canton 10	0.08					
Federation of BiH	1.82					
Republic of Srpska	0.49					
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2.31					
Total	2.31	Total	2.300			

* If necessary, a separate table for each area may be provided.

** Location can be defined by listing the province/district/village where contaminated areas are located as well as (where possible) map references and grid coordinates sufficient to define the contaminated area.

Please find Anex 1 which include all contamination location in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Land release

Provide information on the release of land previously suspected to contain cluster munition remnants by methods other than clearance.

<i>Location #</i>	<i>Size of area (m²)</i>	<i>Date of release</i>	<i>Method of release (technical or non-technical survey)</i>

3. Status and progress of programmes for the clearance of cluster munitions remnants

<i>Location**</i>	<i>Size of cleared area (m²)</i>	<i>Status of clearing programme (if possible, including plans, time table and completion date)</i>	<i>Cluster munition remnant cleared</i>		<i>Clearance method</i>	<i>Standards applied</i>	
			<i>Type</i>	<i>Quantity</i>		<i>Safety standards</i>	<i>Environmental standards</i>
HERCEGOVAČKO NERETVANSKI KANTON	388.504		KB 1and UXO	57 KB 1and 8 UXO	Clearance and Technical survey	IMAS	
TUZLA KANTON	187.826		KB1 and UXO	4 KB and 0 UXO			
Republic of Srpska	144.063		KB 1 and UXO	24 KB 1 and 5 UXO			
Bosnia and Herzegovina	720.433		KB 1 and UXO	85 KB and 13UXO			
Total			Total	85 KB1 and 13UXO			

* If necessary, a separate table for each area may be provided.

** Location can be defined by listing the province/district/village where contaminated areas are located as well as (where possible) map references and grid coordinates sufficient to define the contaminated area. Where possible, refer to the corresponding contaminated area described in [Form F, table 1].

Supplementary information

Technical survey and cluster munition were reduced and clearance through 7 tasks 720,433 m², were 85 pieces of submunition and 13 pieces of ERW. Completed technical survey and mine/ERW/cluster munition clearance eliminated the threat for approximately 16000 immediately affected inhabitants who will be potential users of the reduced and cleared area.

4. Status and progress of programme(s) for the destruction of cluster munition remnants**

<i>Location</i>	<i>Status of destruction programme (if possible, including plans, time table and completion date)</i>	<i>Cluster munition remnants</i>		<i>Destruction method</i>	<i>Standards applied</i>	
		<i>Type</i>	<i>Quantity</i>		<i>Safety standards</i>	<i>Environmental standards</i>
		Total				

* If necessary, a separate table for each area may be provided.

** This table is only for use for those cluster munitions remnants that were not destroyed during a clearance programme (for example cluster munition remnants cleared and subsequently destroyed elsewhere or abandoned cluster munitions).

Supplementary information

5. Challenges and international assistance and cooperation needed for the implementation of article 4

<i>Activity</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Time period</i>	<i>Need</i>

Form G Measures to provide warning to the population and risk education

Article 7, paragraph 1

“Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

- (j) The measures taken to provide risk reduction education and, in particular, an immediate and effective warning to civilians living in cluster munition contaminated areas under its jurisdiction or control;”**

State [Party]: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

Reporting for time period from JAN 01, 2019 **to** DEC 31, 2019

1. Measures taken to provide risk reduction education

In the reporting period, mine/UXO risk education activities were continuously conducted and this also implies to the cluster munition.

2. Measures taken for effective warning of the population

43 urgent marking signs were placed on suspected area on cluster munitions.

Within the task of Mine Risk Education, education is also conducted for cluster munition threats. In 2019, NPA, Armed Forces BiH, Civil Protection Directorate and Federal Civil Protection Directorate had conducted mine risk education for 389 inhabitants at a total of 7 cluster munition tasks.

Form H Victim assistance: status and progress of implementation of the obligations under article 5 –

Article 7, paragraph 1

“Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

- (k) The status and progress of implementation of its obligations under article 5 of this Convention to adequately provide age- and gender-sensitive assistance, including medical care, rehabilitation and psychological support, as well as provide for social and economic inclusion of cluster munition victims and to collect reliable relevant data with respect to cluster munition victims;”**

State [Party]: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

Reporting for time period from JAN 01, 2019 **to** DEC 31, 2019

1. National focal point/coordination mechanism for the implementation of article 5 (specify name and contact information of government body responsible)

In 2019, 2 coordination meetings were held with mine/ERW/cluster munition victims in BiH, with the goals: to coordinate activities in the area of mine victims assistance, to plan and raise awareness about issues and needs of mine victims, to create projects, plans and documents in order to improve social status of mine victims.

2. Data collection and assessment of the needs of cluster munitions victims (please indicate gender and age of survivors as well as information on affected families and communities)

According to the preliminary data in BiH, there are 226 cluster munition victims, out of which 45 fatalities and 181 injured. The procedure of data collection on cluster munition was not continued as planned due to financial issues. There are also 5 deminers who were cluster munition victims, out of which 4 deminers were injured and 1 deminer died. The data from BHMACH database cannot adequately present the victims in terms of age and sex. Also, information about victims' families are not complete. For a complete picture of the situation on cluster munition victims, it is necessary to start detailed analysis in the field. It is obvious that detailed data gathering on cluster munition victims is a necessity. Continuous e performs updating of the victims where possible. This is because a large number of victims displaced to third countries and it is not possible to make data. There were no cluster munition victims in BiH in the past few years.

3. Development and implementation of national laws and policies for implementation of article 5

All victims of cluster munitions fulfill their rights under existing legislation in BiH. In addition to the clinical centers, hospitals and spas in BiH, there are 63 CBR centers for mental and physical rehabilitation opened in the community. Health insurance covers all costs for development of basic prosthetic

devices, but more needs to be done in addressing the issue of noticeable difference in covering/participation in disability-related costs based on the origins and type of disability. As for this reporting period, there has been an improvement in regulations, which, amongst other, consider issues of mines/ERW and cluster ammunition: Regulation on pension and disability insurance, Regulation on social protection, Regulation on professional rehabilitation, enabling and employment of disabled persons and Regulation on health protection. The Funds for employment of persons with disabilities also have task for helping of victims.

4. National plan and budget, including timeframes to carry out these activities

In 2019, 2 coordination meetings were held with mine/ERW/cluster munition victims in BiH, with the goals: to coordinate activities in the area of mine victims assistance, to plan and raise awareness about issues and needs of mine victims, to create projects, plans and documents in order to improve social status of mine victims.

In 2019, through joint initiative of World Vision and UDAS on one side and Mine Action Center BiH on the other, and within the project "Integrated social and economic support to mine victims in BiH, financed by European Union in BiH, a draft of the Mine Victims Assistance action plan 2019-2025 has been created for BiH.

In the period 1996 – 2019, 113 mine victims assistance projects were realized and recorded in BHMAC database. The stated projects included 407 direct users. Out of that, 384 male persons were encompassed by economic, medical, social or legal assistance, while 23 females participated.

In this reporting period, BHMAC continuously updated BHMAIS database, while the information from BHMAIS victims records were delivered to all interested parties, as per request and in accordance with the Law on Protection of Private data in BiH.

In 2019, the implementation of project supported by the Delegation of European Union in BiH supported. The project "Social and economic empowerment of mine victims and their families through purchase of tools, technical equipment, training in small business, and technical support in following municipalities: Konjic, Lukavac, Travnik, Donji Vakuf, Bihać, Velika Kladuša, Doboj, Stanari, Zvornik, Čajnice and Bosanka Krupa. The total project value is EU 388.830. The project was implemented by organizations World Vision BiH and Amputee Association "UDAS" from RS, encompassing 60 direct mine/ERW/cluster munition victims.

Amputee Association "UDAS" has organized the following in 2019: 6 educations, 5 round tables with the topic of accessibility for persons with disabilities (representatives of OSI organizations and representatives of authorities; two brochures were made (manual for peer support and inclusive employment of persons with disabilities); 3 meetings were held of peer support in 3 cities; project visual was designed; webpage <https://ravnopravnorazliciti.org/> has been designed; social network sites were opened (Facebook, Twitter, Instagram); two activities were held with the representatives of media in order to promote the project; 3 meetings were held of the members of men and women with disabilities (women network, mine victims network); several meetings were held with representatives of local and entity authorities; a team has been created for the monitoring of legislation in the area of social inclusion of persons with disabilities; analysis was made of the architectural accessibility for 20 schools and 6 public institutions, partial activity was conducted within the advocacy campaign "All Faces of Accessibility"; 4 meetings were held with partner organizations and 13 meetings of the project team, in order to jointly plan the realization of the project and a reflection upon previous implementation flow. Total number of direct participants is 359 (187f/172m)

In 2019, a non-government organization "ABS" conducted the analysis and grading of 89 accepted business plans submitted by users who were mine victims, from 11 local project communities.

The said organization "ABS" organized and realized the distribution of livestock for 11 users at 4 administrative units: Velika Kladuša, Bihać, Lukavac and Zvornik, along with delivery and setting up greenhouses for 4 users. This organization also completed the delivery of motor hoes with drive wheels and tools for 31 users – mine victims in 11 municipalities, along with distribution of various tractor attachments for 5 users.

The first conference of mine victims has been realized, including transport and lodgings on Jahorina for users – mine victims, local coordinators from 11 administrative units, and guest lecturers.

5. Efforts to closely consult with and actively involve cluster munition victims and their representative organisations in victim assistance planning and implementation

6. Assistance services (including medical care, physical rehabilitation, psychological support, and social and economic inclusion)

<i>Type of service (medical care, physical rehabilitation, psychological support, social and economic inclusion)</i>	<i>Implementing agency</i>	<i>Description of service (progress, types of services, number of persons assisted, time period)</i>
<p>All citizens of BiH as well as victims of cluster munitions are subject to the rights to health insurance under applicable legislation in BiH. Within this basic insurance, there are also covered basic rights of all victims of mine / UXO / cluster munitions for prosthetic devices.</p> <p>Bosnia and Herzegovina possesses internal capacities for full medical care to be provided to mine/CM victims. BiH has a rehabilitation system supported by government institutions which work in synergy with NGOs specialized for mine victims. Specific NGO focused on pain relief systems for mine victims. The entire Bosnia and Herzegovina is covered with social assistance system, on the level of both entities and cantons, including assistance implemented through local communities</p>	<p>Social institutions, hospitals, clinical centers, CBR centers, rehabilitation centers. Municipality social services</p>	

7. Steps taken to mobilize national and international resources

Apart from rights mine/ERW/Cluster ammunition victims have in accordance to the existing regulations (disability pensions, prosthetics, rehabilitation etc), this area has also been supported by donors through their help in implementing the projects of Mine/ERW/Cluster ammunition Assistance, and the NGO sector.

8. Needs for international assistance and cooperation

<i>Activity</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Time period</i>	<i>Need</i>
	Project implemented by NGO NPA merely documented cluster munition	2017-2018	Financial funds necessary for filling in the information on victims in the

<p>Upgrade of cluster munition victims database Creation of campaigns that would point to the issues of victims of cluster munition in local communities</p>	<p>victims; in order for proper function of the database, it is necessary to create a detailed review of the victims' status. It implies completion of a several basic question groups such as: accurate address, identification data, type of injury, social status. It is necessary to make efforts in order to update an existing database CM BHMAC. It is necessary to establish program that would act in the direction of synergy of potential international institutions and local communities in areas where the cluster munition contamination is high.</p>	<p>2019-2020</p>	<p>entire Bosnia and Herzegovina. Projects from inclusion area are necessary The support of donors for the purpose of updating information on the victims of cluster munition.</p>
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9. Efforts undertaken to raise awareness of the rights of cluster munition victims and persons with other disabilities

As for the Government Sector, it continuously provides support to Mine/ERW/Cluster ammunition victims. BHMAC presents a coordination body of all the participants in the process of Mine/ERW/Cluster ammunition assistance in Bosnia and Herzegovina. Coordination working group stated the necessity of forming a working group as an independent body. Is planned that the process of formalizing the coordination of the working group for the victims of CM to be completed in 2017 years which will deal with coordination in PCCM in Bosnia and Herzegovina. This process has been presented to Government authorised bodies and results are expected. In accordance to that, we presume PCCM to be intensified. Awareness raising activities are also implemented by the civil society organizations through organization of various activities. NGOs are active in projects on inclusion of discrimination against persons with disabilities, as well as promotion of relief for employers when employing people with disabilities. Also, every year all the media actively participate in marking of August 1st (the International Day of CCM), April 4th (the Mine Action Day), December 3rd (the International Day of Persons with Disabilities).

Form I National resources and international cooperation and assistance

Article 7, paragraph 1

“Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

- (m) The amount of national resources, including financial, material or in kind, allocated to the implementation of articles 3, 4 and 5 of this Convention; and
- (n) The amounts, types and destinations of international cooperation and assistance provided under article 6 of this Convention.

State [Party]: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

Reporting for time period from JAN 01, 2019 to DEC 31, 2019

[Narrative:] Not applicable

1. National resources allocated

<i>Activity</i>	<i>Sector (stockpile destruction, clearance, risk education, victim assistance, advocacy)</i>	<i>Amount of national resources (list currency)</i>	<i>Type of resources (e.g. financial, material, in kind)</i>
General Survey	Clearance and risk education	-	Financial

2. International cooperation and assistance provided

<i>Destination</i>	<i>Sector (stockpile destruction, clearance, risk education, victim assistance, advocacy)</i>	<i>Amount (list currency)</i>	<i>Type of cooperation or assistance (financial, material or in kind)</i>	<i>Details (including date allocated, intermediary destinations such as trust funds, project details, timeframes)</i>
Removal cluster munition	Clearance and Technical Survey	KM		

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3. International cooperation and assistance needed

(a) *For the implementation of article 3: Stockpile destruction*

<i>Activity</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Time period</i>	<i>Need</i>

(b) *For the implementation of article 4: Clearance and risk education*

<i>Activity</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Time period</i>	<i>Need</i>
Clearance and TS	For Clearance and Technical Survey	Until 2019	105.548 KM

(c) *For the implementation of article 5: Victim assistance*

<i>Activity</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Time period</i>	<i>Need</i>

4. Assistance provided by State Parties to another State for cluster munitions used/abandoned prior to entry into force, as outlined in article 4 paragraph 4

State Parties that have used our abandoned cluster munitions which have become cluster munition remnants located in areas under jurisdiction or under control of another State Party are STRONGLY ENCOURAGED to provide assistance to the latter State Party to facilitate the marking, clearance and destruction of such cluster munition remnants.

[such assistance shall include, where available, information on types and quantities of cluster munitions used, precise locations of cluster munitions strikes and areas in which cluster munition remnants are known to be located)

Form J Other relevant matters

Remark: States Parties may use this form to report voluntarily on other relevant matters, including matters pertaining to compliance and implementation not covered by the formal reporting requirements contained in article 7.

State [Party]: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

Reporting for time period from JAN 01, 2019 **to** DEC 31, 2019

Note: Form J can be used to report, on a **voluntary** basis, on the efforts to encourage States not parties to join the Convention on Cluster Munitions, and to notify such States of Convention obligations as outlined in article 21.

REPORTING FORMS

pursuant to the Decision of the Third CCW Review Conference on the establishment of a Compliance mechanism applicable to the Convention, as contained in its Final Declaration, Annex II, Paragraph 5 (CCW/CONF.III/11, Part II)

NAME OF THE HIGH CONTRACTING PARTY: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

PARTY TO:

- × Protocol I (Protocol on Non-Detectable Fragments)
- × Protocol II (Protocol on Mines Booby-Traps and Other Devices)
- × Amended Protocol II (amended Protocol on Mines Booby-Traps and Other Devices)
- × Protocol III (Protocol on Incendiary Weapons)
- × Protocol IV (Protocol on Blinding Laser Weapons)
- × Protocol V (Protocol on Explosive Remnants of War)

ACCEDED TO:

- × the amendment to Article 1 of the Convention

DATE OF SUBMISSION: 11/03/2020

(NOTE: the recommended deadline for submission of the national reports was fixed by the 2007 Meeting of the High Contracting Parties at 1 October of each calendar year)

NATIONAL POINT(S) OF CONTACT¹ (Organization, telephones, fax, e-mail):

Ministry of Foreign Affairs of BH/ Tel/Fax No. + 387 33 281 246; +387 33 227 156;
Ministry of Civil Affairs of BH/The Demining Commission of BH/BHMAC

Tel/Fax No. +387 33 445 082; +387 33 206 466; +387 33 253 800; info@bhmac.org
Ministry of Defense of BH/Tel/Fax No. + 387 33 285 627; + 387 33 206 094

This information can be available to other interested parties and relevant organizations

NO

X Partially, only the following forms: A B C D E

NOTE: unless otherwise indicated all reports will be made public.

¹ Please indicate individually for the CCW and each Protocol (if different).

Note: Pursuant to paragraph 5 of the above Decision the High Contracting Parties have agreed “to provide information to the Secretary-General in advance of the Meeting, which will be circulated by the Secretary-General to all the High Contracting Parties, on any of the following matters:

- (a) Dissemination of information on the Convention and its annexed Protocols to their armed forces and to the civilian population;
- (b) Steps taken to meet the relevant technical requirements of the Convention and its annexed Protocols and any other relevant information pertaining thereto;
- (c) Legislation related to the Convention and its annexed Protocols;
- (d) Measures taken on technical co-operation and assistance; and
- (e) Other relevant matters.”

Each of the items listed above are provided as separate individual forms to be filled out by each High Contracting Party accordingly.

SUMMARY SHEET**REPORTING PERIOD:** January 2019 to December 2019

- Form A:** Dissemination of information: x changed
 unchanged (last reporting:[year])
- Form B:** Technical requirements and relevant information: x changed
 unchanged (last reporting:[year])
- Form C:** Legislation: changed
 x unchanged (last reporting: **2012**)
- Form D:** Technical cooperation and assistance: x changed
 unchanged (last reporting:[year])
- Form E:** Other relevant matters: changed
 x unchanged (last reporting: **2012**)

NOTE: This Summary Sheet may be used only after the High Contracting Party has submitted its first national report pursuant to the Decision of the Third CCW Review Conference. Only the reporting forms which are indicated as „changed“ have to be submitted thereafter together with the Cover page and the Summary Sheet.

Form A Dissemination of information

Paragraph 5 of the Decision on Compliance:

“The High Contracting Parties will provide information [...] on:

- (a) Dissemination of information on the Convention and its annexed Protocols to their armed forces and to the civilian population;”

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

[Reporting for time period from January 2019 to December 2019]

additional information of dissemination of information on CCW Amended Protocol II to Armed Forces and civilian population is contained in the National Annual Report for [2019], provided in accordance with paragraph 4(a) of Article 13 of Amended Protocol II.

additional information on dissemination of information on CCW Protocol V is contained in the National Report for [2019], provided pursuant to paragraph 2 (b) of Article 10 of Protocol V.

Information to the armed forces, including the extent to which the CCW and its Protocols are part of military manuals and the training curriculum of its armed forces:

Information to the civilian population, including information on any programs, courses or documentation to disseminate the CCW to non-military audiences

Ratified Conventions/Protocols from the Mine Action domain by Bosnia and Herzegovina have been published in the Official Gazettes of Bosnia and Herzegovina, which treat International agreements. Dissemination of information about the CCW and its protocols to civilian population also includes mine risk education (MRE) activities.

Mine Risk Education implies mine action with a main aim to raise public consciousness, diminish number of victims and point out the long term of mine hazard through education, information through media or directly. Mine Action Centre Bosnia and Herzegovina has a coordinating role, where it is responsible for Mine Awareness managers training as well as creation of standards, while accredited organizations are responsible for the implementation of the task.

Mine Risk Education had its key role in implementation of Mine Action Plans for mine/ XO impacted municipalities, and within their tasks MRE projects were realized, i.e. projects of emergency and permanent marking, as well as placing mine situation information panels/billboards.

In 2019, 11 mine awareness projects were realised with 36.295 persons educated about mine hazards. Organizations that took participation in the projects were: EUFOR, NPA, Red Cross Society BiH

Any other relevant information:

Members of the Armed Forces of Bosnia and Herzegovina through the individual and collective training given basic knowledge of international humanitarian law and the law of armed conflict, including international agreements ratified by B&H. The effect of the AF B&H on the dissemination of information on the Convention among the civilian population carried out over a demining battalion AF B&H through mine risk education activities.

Form B Technical requirements and relevant information

Paragraph 5 of the Decision on Compliance:

“The High Contracting Parties will provide information [...] on:

- (b) Steps taken to meet the relevant technical requirements of the Convention and its annexed Protocols and any other relevant information pertaining thereto;”

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

[Reporting for time period from January 2019 to December 2019]

Demining Law in Bosnia and Herzegovina (Official Gazette: 5/02), Mine Action Centre in Bosnia and Herzegovina has following jurisdictions in the domain of Mine Action:

- a) Maintains and runs the central database on minefields and mapping capacities;
- b) Proposes technical and safety standards as well as standards for quality of conduct of demining operations, proposing certificates for the approval of the Commission;
- c) Proposes proofs on level of qualification for international and domestic demining companies regarding their accreditation, for Commission’s approval;
- d) Proposes training standards for Commission’s approval, while BH MAC will conduct follow up and report on their implementation;
- e) Prepares propositions for demining activities in areas which are located on inter-entity boundary lines (IEBL), for the approval of the Commission;
- f) Prepares working plans and budgets for its activities, as well as its reports and audits, which are to be approved by Commission and submitted to the Board of Donors;
- g) Conducts other activities in accordance to Establishing Act.

Law on defense B&H

Mine Action Strategy Plan B&H 2018-2025

Technical requirements

1) Records

Available minefield records were provided to IFOR HQ in 1996 by Entity Armies. In 1998, the said records were consigned to Mine Action Centre Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Mine Action Centre Bosnia and Herzegovina database has 11.626 registered minefield records.

Technical characteristics of AP mines in Bosnia and Herzegovina

Type	Dimensions	Type of Fuse	Explosive content		Metal content	Colour photograph	Additional information making clearance easier
			Type	Weight in grams			
Anti-personnel anti-magnet mine PMA-1	Box-shape, 14x7x3 cm	No fuse	Pressed trotyl	200	No	Yes	Mines are dug in the testing polygons
Anti-personnel anti-magnet mine - PMA-2	Cylindrical shape 6,5x3,33x2,7 cm	No fuse	Pressed trotyl	70	No	Yes	
Anti-personnel anti-magnet mine - PMA-3	Cylindrical shape 10,4x4 cm	No fuse	Pressed tetryl	35	No	Yes	
Anti-Personnel Fragmentation mine - PMR-2A	Cylindrical shape 6,5x13,2 cm	No fuse	Pressed trotyl	100	Yes	Yes	
AP bounding fragmentation mine -PROM-1	Cylindrical shape 7,5x15,5x10 cm	No fuse	Molted trotyl/ hexolite	420	Yes	Yes	
Directional Fragmentation AP mine -MRUD	Fragmented plate with 650 5,5 mm balls, 23x10x5cm	No fuse	Plastic	900	Yes	Yes	

2) Specifications related to detecting possibility

In Bosnia and Herzegovina, metal detectors are used for detecting mines in minefields.

3) Specifications related to self-destruction and self-disabling

In Bosnia and Herzegovina, there are no indications of mines which have the possibility of self-activation or self-destruction.

4) International signs of minefields and mined areas

Minefields are marked with generally adopted marks. Characteristics of minefield signs have been defined by Standard Operational Procedures for humanitarian demining in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

□ additional information on steps taken to meet technical requirements of Amended Protocol II and other relevant information pertaining thereto is contained in the National Annual Report for 2018], provided pursuant to paragraph 4(c) of Article 13 of Amended Protocol II.

□ additional information on steps taken to meet technical requirements of Protocol V and other relevant information pertaining thereto is contained in the National Report for [2018], provided pursuant to paragraph 2 (b) of Article 10 of Protocol V.

Steps taken to meet the relevant technical requirements of the Convention and its annexed Protocols

Any other relevant information

In November 1999, Bosnia and Herzegovina has reported the UN Secretary General that all the stockpiles of AP mines (total of 460.727) were destroyed as per Article 3 of the Ottawa Convention.

Current size of mine suspect area is 965 km², while the size of cluster munition suspect area is 2.31 km². Mine suspect area is released for 53.0 km². Total 106 humanitarian demining tasks were completed, with sampled/demined area of 3.84 km². In humanitarian demining operations 963 AP mines, 19 AT mines and 389 pieces of UXO were found and destroyed. There are 7 realised cluster munition tasks with reduced and clearance area of 0.72 km², an 85 CBU and 13 pieces of UXO found and destroyed. 1 permanent marking projects were realised with the area of 0.03 m², where 12 individual permanent marking signs were places. Quality control inspectors from BH MAC conducted 3.091 technical supervision/inspection. 394 metal detectors, 103 EDD teams and 6 machines were tested. Through 10 courses 202 persons successfully completed courses. In 2019 in B&H 2 demining accidents were registered with 4 victims, 2 out of 4 were killed.

Form C Legislation

Paragraph 5 of the Decision on Compliance:

“The High Contracting Parties will provide information [...] on:

- (c) Legislation related to the Convention and its annexed Protocols;”

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

[Reporting for time period from January 2019 to December 2019]

Conventions / Protocols from the area of Mine Action are ratified by Presidency of Bosnia and Herzegovina and published in Official Gazette of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Bosnia and Herzegovina has ratified the Convention on Conventional Weapons (CCW) on September 1st, 1993.

Protocol I	01.09.1993;
Protocol II	01.09.1993;
Amended Protocol II	07.09.2000;
Protocol III	01.09.1993;
Protocol IV	11.10.2001;
Protocol V	28.11.2007;
Amendment to Article 1	17.03.2008.

Bosnia and Herzegovina has ratified the Convention on ban, stockpiling, production and transport of anti-personnel mines and their destruction on September 8th 1998.

Bosnia and Herzegovina has ratified the Convention Cluster Munitions (CCM) on September 7th 2010.

additional information of legislation related to Amended Protocol II is contained in the National Annual Report for [2019], provided pursuant to paragraph 4(d) of Article 13 of Amended Protocol II.

additional information on legislation related to Protocol V is contained in the National Report for [2019], provided pursuant to paragraph 2 (b) of Article 10 of Protocol V.

Legislation, including the status and content of national legislation to prevent and suppress violations of amended Protocol II:

Any other relevant information, including the regulations and policies (other than national legislation) adopted to implement the CCW's obligations and ensure compliance with its Protocols.

Form D Technical cooperation and assistance

Paragraph 5 of the Decision on Compliance:

“The High Contracting Parties will provide information [...] on:

(d) Measures taken on technical co-operation and assistance;”

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

[Reporting for time period from January 2019 to December 2019]

additional information of measures taken on international technical information exchange, on international cooperation on mine clearance, and on technical cooperation and assistance is contained in the National Annual Report for [2019], provided in accordance with paragraph 4(e) of Article 13 of Amended Protocol II.

additional information on measures taken on international technical cooperation and assistance is contained in the National Report for [2019], provided pursuant to paragraph 2 (b) of Article 10 of Protocol V.

International technical co-operation, including relevant experiences in seeking or providing technical assistance and cooperation:

Representatives of BiH and the Mine Action Centre in Bosnia and Herzegovina during 2018 participated in the "21th The meeting of directors and UN advisors "in Geneva, and 28th The meeting SEEMACC" in Slano.

Mine Action Center representatives participated at The 16th international Symposium „Mine Action 2019” in Slano, Croatia, where they presented the challenges in mine action, related to migrant crisis. Mine Action Center BiH, as a part of BiH delegation, actively participated at the 22nd meeting of the Mine Action Center directors and UN advisors, as well as regular semi-annual meeting of countries signatories of the Ottawa convention, both held in Geneva.

Mine Action Center BiH representatives also participated at 29th SEEMAC meeting, where they presented current results in mine and UXO removal, where the meeting was also a chance to exchange experiences and consider joint ventures and regional cooperation in this area.

Invited by the German Federal Foreign Office, representatives from Mine Action Center BiH attended the conference about challenges in mine action and the role of mine action in the context of complex crises in the environment, as well as in peace and stability.

A conference was held in Amman, Jordan, named "Fostering Partnerships", organized by Implementation Support Unit for Ottawa Convention in Geneva, and financed by European Union. BHMAL representatives attended.

Mine Action Centre BiH (BHMAL) and Geneva Center for Humanitarian Demining (GICHD) held an introductory workshop on the topic: "Including mine action in sustainable goals on the level of the state".

In Oslo, 4th revision conference of World Without Mines was held, celebrating 20 years since Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Landmines and their Destruction entered into force. Once again Bosnia and Herzegovina pointed out its strong commitment to further the activities on resolving threats caused by anti-personnel mines and explosive remnants of war.

In Geneva, the meetings were held of CCW Convention and its Protocol V and Amended Protocol II, where BH MAC representatives pointed out the significance of respecting the principles of the Convention and its protocols, as key pillars for peace, safety and stability in the country.

Mine Action Center Bih was visited by representatives from the Ministry of Temporarily Occupied Territories and IDPs of Republic Ukraine, who are authorized for the conduct of mine action, and in order to better understand the process of activity conduct in our country. A cooperation was suggested in terms of exchange of experience and technical documentation in the area, and ability of their application in Ukraine. BHMAL was also visited by Chairman of the Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on their Destruction, and by the chief of Norway delegation in UN Mission in Geneva, ambassador Hans Brattskar. The visitors and hosts discussed current progress in the area of fulfilling the obligations as per the Ottawa convention.

Marshal Legacy Institute also arranged a working visit to BHMAL, along with representatives from German Federal Foreign Office, along with the students from Avans University, Holland, Minor Disruptive events Department and Department for security and peace studies, the Faculty of Political Science Sarajevo.

As for the reporting period, Mine Action Center in BiH was at disposal of local and international media, in order to expand the message related to mine/ERW/cluster munition problem in BiH.

In 2019, the site www.bhmac.org has been informing the public, as it was up to this moment, about all significant instances of mine action in BiH. The web page was redesigned, amended and adapted in accordance with measures issued by the Council of Ministers for proactive public information on the internet sites of BiH institutions, and it fills the conditions of proactive transparency standard.

Any other relevant information:

All activities of the AF B&H undertaken in the area of international technical cooperation and assistance shall be carried out through the B&H Ministry of defense, but mostly related to support them in improving mine action through training and donations. In addition to participating in international symposia, seminars and courses in the field of humanitarian demining, we can extract the following significant activities and donations in the field of technical cooperation and assistance:

- The permanent of cooperation activities with the NPA in the framework of the Memorandum of Understanding between the NPA and the B&H Ministry of defense regarding the implementation of the Plan to strengthen the capacity of demining battalion.
- The cooperation with EUFOR in the implementation of activities mine risk education.

Form E Other relevant matters

Paragraph 5 of the Decision on Compliance:

“The High Contracting Parties will provide information [...] on:

- (e) Other relevant matters.”

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

[Reporting for time period from January 2019 to December 2019]

additional relevant information is contained in the National Annual Report for [2019], provided pursuant to paragraph 4(f) of Article 13 of Amended Protocol II.

additional relevant information is contained in the National Report for [2019], provided pursuant to paragraph 2 (b) of Article 10 of Protocol V.

Other relevant matters

-

AMENDED PROTOCOL II

**PROTOCOL ON PROHIBITIONS OR RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF MINES,
BOOBY-TRAPS AND OTHER DEVICES, AS AMENDED ON 3 MAY 1996, ANNEXED
TO THE CONVENTION ON PROHIBITIONS OR RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF
CERTAIN CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS WHICH MAY BE DEEMED TO BE
EXCESSIVELY INJURIOUS OR TO HAVE INDISCRIMINATE EFFECTS
(Protocol II as amended on 3 May 1996)**

REPORTING FORMATS

for Article 13 paragraph 4 and Article 11 paragraph 2

NAME OF THE HIGH
CONTRACTING PARTY: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

DATE OF SUBMISSION: 18/05/2020

NATIONAL POINT(S) OF
CONTACT: Ministry of Civil Affairs of BH / The
Demining Commission of BH /BHMAC,
Trg BiH 1 Sarajevo Tel/ Fax. No. +387
33 445 082/+387 33 206 466/+387 33 253
800

Ministry of Defense BH /00 387 33 285
500/ 00 387 206 094
(Organization, telephones, fax, e-mail)

This information can be available to other interested parties and relevant organizations:

YES

NO

Partially, only the following forms:

A

B

C

D

E

F

G

AMENDED PROTOCOL II

Form A Dissemination of information

Article 13,
paragraph 4 (a)

“The High Contracting Parties shall provide annual reports to the
Depositary [...] on [...]:

(a) dissemination of information on this Protocol to their armed forces and
to the civilian population;”

Remark:

High Contracting Party:

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period

from: January to: December 2019
dd/mm/yyyy dd/mm/yyyy

INFORMATION TO THE ARMED FORCES:

BH Armed Forces have been aware of Amended Protocol II of the CCW. Members of the BH Armed Forces through the individual and collective training given basic knowledge of international humanitarian law and the law of armed conflict, including international agreements ratified by B&H.

Representatives of the Armed Forces at the proposal of the Ministry of Defense of BiH participate in the work of expert teams dealing with solving UXO and demining of minefields.

INFORMATION TO THE CIVILIAN POPULATION:

Bosnia and Herzegovina ratified Amended Protocol II and it is published on all mine action related internet sites, containing BH reports and is therefore, in the public domain. Also MRE activities include information to the civilian population.

MRE is conducted through public information, education of population and connect with the impact communities by BHMAC and accredited organizations for mine risk education. For school-age children information about mine danger spread through the implementation of the curriculum.

In order to warn the population on mine danger BHMAC continuously performs put or renovation mine warning signs.

The action of the BH Armed Forces of Bosnia and Herzegovina on the dissemination of information among the civilian population takes place over a demining battalion of the BH Armed Forces of Bosnia and Herzegovina through the activities of MRE why the BH Armed Forces are accredited.

AMENDED PROTOCOL II



AMENDED PROTOCOL II

Form B **Mine clearance and rehabilitation programmes**

Article 13,
paragraph 4 (b) “The High Contracting Parties shall provide annual reports to the
Depository [...] on [...]:

(b) mine clearance and rehabilitation programmes;”

Remark:

High Contracting Party:

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period

from: January to: December 2019
dd/mm/yyyy dd/mm/yyyy

MINE CLEARANCE PROGRAMMES:

Mine Action programme exists in Bosnia and Herzegovina since 1996. Mine clearance per year in square metres depends mostly on funds and resources available.

Threat is widespread mostly along the confrontation lines of former warring sides. Mine Action represent the re- establishment of safe environment in areas contaminated with mines and UXO, aiming to ensure safe environment and the economic development.

Mine Action is a activities with mines five main components:

- 1. Mine risk education**
- 2. Humanitarian demining operations that include clearance of mines and UXO, all levels of survey, Quality Assurance and mapping**
- 3. Landmine Victim Assistance**
- 4. AP mines stockpiles destruction**
- 5. Advocacy**

BHMAC is conducting Quality Assurance in demining testing of metal detectors, MDD teams and ground preparation machines for clearance and technical survey, Risk Area Permanent Marking and all levels of survey.

Various training courses of demining structure are conducted regularly, as well as mine risk education activities coordinated by the BHMAC.

In 2019, cleared area of 3.842.660 m², 963 antipersonnel mines, 19 anti-tank mines and 389 pieces of ERW were found and destroyed during the stated operations.

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REHABILITATION PROGRAMMES:

In 2019, The coordinating body for the assistance to victims of mines, cluster munitions and ERW was established by the Decision of the BiH Ministry Council. In this reporting period, a preliminary preliminary coordination meeting of this working group for mine victims' assistance was held, and in order to improve situation in the area of mine action segment of mine/ERW/cluster mines victims' assistance. BHMAIS database has been updated with 17 mine victims in relation to location, victims' identity and assistance provided in the previous period. BHMAIS database provided information on mine victims per official requests for 35 victims, 5 participants in mine victims' assistance process and 6 international organizations, all in accordance with the Law on the protection of Personal Data in B&H.

MRE

In 2018, there have been continuous activities on Mine Risk Education on mines/ERW/cluster munitions through informing of the public, education of the affected groups of population and liaising of mine actions with the impacted community/municipality. The focus of mines/ERW/cluster munition MRE was the conduct of activities within impacted communities/municipalities with large suspect area of III category priority, i.e. education towards the most impacted groups of population. In this reporting period, there were 11 realized projects of MRE education with 36,295 persons educated on mine threat.

AMENDED PROTOCOL II

Form C Technical requirements and relevant information

Article 13,
paragraph 4 (c)

“The High Contracting Parties shall provide annual reports to the Depository [...] on [...]:

(c) steps taken to meet technical requirements of this Protocol and any other relevant information pertaining thereto;”

Remark:

High Contracting Party:

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period

from: **January**

dd/mm/yyyy

to:

December 2019

dd/mm/yyyy

TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS:

Bosnia and Herzegovina has taken all steps necessary to meet technical requirements of the Protocol. All mines booby traps and other devices in the inventory of BH Armed Forces comply fully with technical provisions of Amended Protocol II.

ANY OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION:

U periodu od augusta 2018. godine do maja 2020. Godine Projekat „Opća procjena sumnjivih područja u BiH 2018 - 2019“ zajednički će provoditi Centar za uklanjanje mina u Bosni i Hercegovini, Oružane snage BiH i Norveška narodna pomoć (NPA), a realizacija istog planirana je u periodu od augusta 2018. godine do Maja 2020. godine.

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Form E **International technical information exchange, cooperation on mine clearance, technical cooperation and assistance**

Article 13,
paragraph 4 (e)

“The High Contracting Parties shall provide annual reports to the Depositary [...] on [...]:

(e) measures taken on international technical information exchange, on international cooperation on mine clearance, and on technical cooperation and assistance;”

Remark:

High Contracting Party:

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period

from: January to: December 2019
dd/mm/yyyy dd/mm/yyyy

INTERNATIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION EXCHANGE:

In cooperation with international and national organizations, Bosnia and Herzegovina is participating in exchange of experiences and technologies, training capacities as well as development of better and advanced methods of mine clearance and other mine action, performing tests and evaluations.

INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION ON MINE CLEARANCE:

Mine Action Center BiH, as a part of BiH delegation, actively participated at the 22nd meeting of the Mine Action Center directors and UN advisors, as well as regular semi-annual meeting of countries signatories of the Ottawa convention, both held in Geneva. Mine Action Center BiH representatives also participated at 29th SEEMAC meeting, where they presented current results in mine and UXO removal, where the meeting was also a chance to exchange experiences and consider joint ventures and regional cooperation in this area.

Invited by the German Federal Foreign Office, representatives from Mine Action Center BiH attended the conference about challenges in mine action and the role of mine action in the context of complex crises in the environment, as well as in peace and stability.

Mine Action Centre BiH (BHMACH) and Geneva Center for Humanitarian Demining (GICHD) held an introductory workshop on the topic: “Including mine action in sustainable goals on the level of the state”.

In Oslo, 4th revision conference of World Without Mines was held, celebrating 20 years

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since Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Landmines and their Destruction entered into force. Once again Bosnia and Herzegovina pointed out its strong commitment to further the activities on resolving threats caused by anti-personnel mines and explosive remnants of war.

In Geneva, the meetings were held of CCW Convention and its Protocol V and Amended Protocol II, where BH MAC representatives pointed out the significance of respecting the principles of the Convention and its protocols, as key pillars for peace, safety and stability in the country.

TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND ASSISTANCE:

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Form F **Other relevant matters**

Article 13,
paragraph 4 (f)

“The High Contracting Parties shall provide annual reports to the
Depositary [...] on [...]:

(f) other relevant matters.”

Remark:

High Contracting Party:

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period

from: **January**

dd/mm/yyyy

to:

December 2019

dd/mm/yyyy

OTHER RELEVANT MATTERS:

Bosnia and Herzegovina does not manufacture, import or export mines.

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Form G Information to the UN-database on mine clearance

Article 11,
paragraph 2,

“2. Each High Contracting Party undertakes to provide information to the database on mine clearance established within the United Nations System, especially information concerning various means and technologies of mine clearance, and lists of experts, expert agencies or national points of contact on mine clearance.”

Remark:

High Contracting Party:

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period

from: January

dd/mm/yyyy

to:

December 2019

dd/mm/yyyy

MEANS AND TECHNOLOGIES OF MINE CLEARANCE:

Mine clearance capacities included a complete equipment of 17 demining companies. They also need to have accreditation from BHMIC to perform such actions. All the employees that work in mine clearance are wearing protective equipment that consists of flack jacket with protection for groins and helmets with visors. For special cases of UXO demolition, companies use ballistic suits. Following equipment is in usage for humanitarian demining activities: 807 metal detectors, 21 demining machines including all types (medium, light and heavy), excavators, machines for vegetation clearing and 55 mine detection dogs. In Bosnia, mine clearance actions are mostly performed as a combination of mechanical demining, manual detection and mine-searching dogs. BHMIC Standard operating procedures also prescribe the entire methodology of humanitarian demining activities. Frequent use of demining machines puts Croatia among the leading states with industrial mine clearance.

LISTS OF EXPERTS AND EXPERT AGENCIES:

BHMIC:

Sasa Obradovic, Acting Director,

Damir Sisic, Deputy Director,

Tarik Serak, Heads offices

Ranko Banjac, Heads offices

Zoran Grujic, Heads offices

There are 18 accredited organizations for mine actions. All information about them we have on our web page: www.bhmic.org

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NATIONAL POINTS OF CONTACT ON MINE CLEARANCE:

MINISTRY OF DEFENSE OF BH
MINISTRY OF CIVIL AFFAIRS OF BH
THE DEMINIG COMMISSION OF BH
BHMAC
BHMAC web site: www.bhmac.org

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**REPORTING FORMS
PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 10, PARAGRAPH 2 (b) OF THE PROTOCOL AND THE
DECISION OF THE FIRST CONFERENCE OF THE HIGH CONTRACTING
PARTIES TO PROTOCOL V**

(As adopted by the First Conference at its second plenary meeting on 5 November 2007)

HIGH CONTRACTING PARTY: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

NATIONAL POINT(S) OF CONTACT (Organization, telephones, fax, e-mail):

Ministry of Foreign Affairs of BH/ Tel/Fax No. + 387 33 281 246; +387 33 227 156; Ministry of Civil Affairs of BH/The Demining Commission of BH/BHMAC; Tel/Fax No. +387 33 445 082; +387 33 206 466; +387 33 253 800; info@bhmac.org Ministry of Defense of BH/Tel/Fax No. + 387 33 285 627; + 387 33 206 094
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DATE OF SUBMISSION: 18.05.2020
(dd/mm/yyyy)

This information can be available to other interested parties and relevant organizations

YES

NO

Partially, only the following forms:

A B C D E F G H I

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FORMA: Steps taken to implement Article 3 of the Protocol: Clearance, removal or destruction of explosive remnants of war

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January to December 2019
[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 3:

Current size of the suspect hazardous area in BiH is 965 km² or 1,97% in relation to total area of BiH.

Through operations of systematic survey, 8.525 suspect micro-locations were defined with estimated 79.000 remained mines/ERW.

Current size of the suspect hazardous area as per cluster munition is 2.31 km².

Through systematic survey operations, 203 suspect micro-locations were defined for cluster munition with approximately 1.500 pieces of cluster ammunition/ERW.

General assessment of mine/ERW/cluster munition impact in 129 cities/municipalities in BiH had identified 1.398 at-risk communities, contaminated by mine/ERW/cluster munition. Out of the total number of at-risk communities:

- 1.369 communities contaminated by mines,
- 60 communities contaminated by cluster munition (out of which 31 community with combine mine and cluster munition contamination).

Micro-locations contaminated by mine/ERW/cluster munition directly affect the safety of 545.603 inhabitants or 15% out of total number population in BiH. Out of that:

- Micro-locations contaminated by mines affect safety of 517.238 inhabitants,
- micro-locations contaminated by cluster munition affect safety of 54.314 inhabitants (out of which, 25.949 of them affected by combined threat of mines and cluster munition)

Bosnia and Herzegovina Mine Action Standards divide responsibility for removal of mines and ERW as follows:

- Demining teams:

AP and AT mines, hand-grenades, rifle grenades, artillery shell – bullets and mortar grenades caliber below 82 mm;

- EOD teams:

All types of artillery shells, aerial bombs and mortar grenades caliber above 82 mm, all type of rockets, all types of ammunition, including cluster bombs KB-1 and KB-2, any composite designed and unrecognisable UXO (with chemical, biological, flare, smoke or other charge) or booby-traps, as well as any other UXO suspected to have piezoelectric fuse.

Destruction of ERW in Bosnia and Herzegovina is conducted exclusively by detonations. All ERW is destroyed on-site where it was found, except if jeopardizes people or in a case of unacceptable material damage that could not be prevented applying adequate protection measures.

At the end of 2018, there were 18 accredited organisations for mine action in Bosnia and Herzegovina. Out of this number, there are 5 government organisations (Armed Forces, Civil Protections from Federation and Republic of Srpska and Brcko District, along with the Red Cross Association for Bosnia and Herzegovina) 5 commercial organisations and 9 NGO's. Within accredited organisations, there are currently 1.200 persons engaged, all possessing accreditation for mine action and licence for work. Out of the total number, 900 trained deminers and 300 persons

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authorised for managerial and monitoring activities within mine action are engaged at the moment.

Accredited organisations currently dispose of following material and technical assets for humanitarian demining:

- 21 machines;
- 55 MDD teams for mine – explosive search;
- 807 metal detectors of various types for usage in humanitarian demining operations.

Results of demining teams in Bosnia and Herzegovina in 2019

	AP mines	AT mines	ERW
	963	19	389
	AP mines	AT mines	ERW
	1100	46	2332
TOTAL	2063	65	31437
GRAND TOTAL			34.158

Review of explosive remnants of war (ERW) removed in 2019 in Bosnia and Herzegovina

ORGANIZATION TYPE OF REMOVED ORDNANCES

	AP mines	AT mines	ERW
ARMED FORCES OF BIH	134	5	2093
CIVIL PROTECTION OF FBIH	73	5	138
CIVIL PROTECTION OF RS	43	1	4
DETEKTOR	116	2	13
UG DEMIRA	5	0	3
PAZI MINE, Vitez	2	0	0
UDRUŽENJE ZA ELIMINACIJU MINA	87	0	0
UEM d.o.o	35	0	7
NGO PRO VITA	3	0	2
NGO STOP MINES	1	15	1
NORWEGIAN PEOPLES AID (NPA)	322	13	32
N&N IVŠA	49	0	9
TOTAL	1100	51	2332

TYPE OF REMOVED ORDNANCES ORGANIZATIONS

		CP of FBIH	CP of RS	CP of BRCKO DC	(NPA)	TOTAL
Mines	AP mines	0	23	21	259	303
	AT mines	0	18	15	13	46

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ERW	Hand grenades	1,965	488	93	26	2,572
	Rifle grenades	752	232	26		1010
	Rockets, RB and RPG mines	282	11	18		311
	Mortar bombs	685	30	27		742
	Artillery ganades and projectiles	683	32	28		743
	Other	36	8,129	3,721	261	12,147
	Cluster munitions/submunitions	111	87	0	41	239
Fuzes	Fuzes	10	7	2	19	38
	Ammunition < 20 mm	0	28,155	5989	14	34,158
Total ERW:		34.158				

Any other relevant information:

Furthermore, Mine Action Strategy of BiH Armed Forces was developed for the period 2009-2019, defining vision, mission and goals of BiH Armed Forces in the field of mine action. Armed Forces of Bosnia and Herzegovina carry out operations of ERW removal with app. 25% of cities engaged in Bosnia and Herzegovina. They have following resources: 31 manual demining teams, 6 squads for mechanical soil preparation, 4 squads with dogs for detection of explosive 1 general reconnaissance team.

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FORMB: Steps taken to implement Article 4 of the Protocol: Recording, retaining and transmission of information

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January to December 2019
[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 4 and the Technical Annex:

Last general assesment study on mine situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina, completed in 2018 has identified 1 398 communities impacted by mine/ERW. According to estimation locations contaminated by mines/ERW directly affect safety about of 545,000 persons.

The Law on Demining in Bosnia and Herzegovina ("Official Gazette BiH" ed.5/02) prescribes organisational structure for survey, clearance and removal of mines and explosive remnants of war on territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina, authorities responsible for mine action, rights and obligations of persons engaged in demining, as well as monitoring of the law implementation.

At the state level, Bosnia and Herzegovina Demining Law regulates Demining Commission as a central body responsible for the longterm conduction of mine action activities and removal of mine danger in Bosnia and Herzegovina. Commission is a part of BH Ministry of Civil Affairs and consists of three members (three nationalities). BHMAL is its technical body, established by the Ministry Council decision in 2002.

BHMAL main responsibilities are location of suspected hazardous areas and its declaration as confirmed or no obvious hazardous areas. Areas declared as CHA are further processed by BHMAL and mine action projects are made for those areas. BHMAL has its central and two main offices (Sarajevo and Banja Luka) and 8 Regional Offices established across the country (Sarajevo, Banja Luka, Pale, Tuzla, Brčko, Mostar, Travnik and Bihać) allowing operational activities to be carried out locally. Their main tasks are location and marking of suspect areas and database daily inputs. Bosnia and Herzegovina Mine Action Centre manage and maintain database on mines/explosive remnants of war removed throught operations of humanitarina demining in Bosnia and Herzegovina. Organisations of Civil Protections (CP of Federation BiH, CP of Republic of Srpska and CP of District Brcko) manage and maintain database on explosive remnants of war removed throught activities of EOD teams. BHMAL began process for establishment of database that will unify all data on removed explosive remnants of war. Precisly, in this ongoing process organisations of Civil Protections in Bosnia and Herzegovina provide data on removed ERW, out of the evidence (Combined Report defined by paragraph 4 under d) of Chapter VI, BiH Mine Action Standards) on conducted tasks to BHMAL in electronic form every six monhts. Combined Report on issued tasks, survey and removal of explosive remnants of war (enclosure A, chapter VI of Bosnia and Herzegovina Mine Action Standard).

Any other relevant information:

BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA MINE ACTION STRATEGY (2009-2019) is adopted by Council of Ministers during its 45th session, held on April 24, 2008 in Sarajevo.

Bosnia and Herzegovina Mine Action Operational Plan in accordance to Article 17, Item 3 of Law Demining in Bosnia and Herzegovina ("Official Gazette BiH", ed. 5/02) has been approved by De demining Commission in Bosnia and Herzegovina

Na 165.sjednici Vijeća ministara BiH, dana, 30.01.2019. godine usvojena je Strategija

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uminskog djelovanja za period 2018-2025. godina

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FORMC: Steps taken to implement Article 5 of the Protocol: Other precautions for the protection of the civilian population, individual civilians and civilian objects from the risks and effects of explosive remnants of war

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January to December 2019
[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 5 and the Technical Annex:

U 2019. godini kontinuirano su provodene aktivnosti upozoravanje na mine/ESZR/kasetnu municiju kroz javno informisanje, edukaciju ugroženih grupa stanovnika i povezivanje protivminskih akcija sa ugroženom zajednicom/opštinom. Težište upozoravanja na mine/ESZR/kasetnu municiju je bilo na provođenju aktivnosti u ugroženim zajednicama/opštinama sa velikom sumnjivom opasnom površinom III kategorije prioriteta, odnosno prema najugroženijim grupama stanovništva. U izvještajnom periodu realizovano je ili je u fazi realizacije 11 projekata upozoravanja na mine/ESZR/kasetnu municiju pri čemu su o minskoj opasnosti edukovane 36.295 osoba.

Na osnovu saznanja o ilegalnoj migraciji na teritoriji BiH i zbog povećanih migracija kroz BiH Centar za uklanjanje mina u BiH je organizovao tematske sastanke o ovom problemu u saradnji sa Graničnom policijom BiH, Norveškom narodnom pomoći (NPA), Međunarodnim komitetom crvenog krsta/križa i Društvom crvenog krsta/križa u cilju preventivnog preduzimanja mjera upozoravanja migranata na opasnost od mina/ESZR/kasetne municije.

Kao rezultat ovih sastanaka MKCK BiH u 2019. godini je uradio 22,246 komada (letci, posteri i jedan baner na Vučjaku) na pet jezika (Arapski, Urdu, Paštu, Farsi, Engleski) za 10 lokacija u BiH (Bihać, V.Kladuša, Cazin, Bijeljina, Zvornik, Čajniče, Ključ, Mostar, Tuzla, Kalesija, Trebinje). Lecii su urađeni u saradnji sa BHMACH-om i uz finansijsku podršku MKCK. Distribucija letaka je išla preko Mobilnih timova Crvenog krsta/križa na gore navedenim lokacijama.

Budžet: 4.765 KM (donator Međunarodni komitet Crvenog krsta/križa)

Struktura Društva Crvenog krsta/križa Bosne i Hercegovine realizovala je takmičenja „Misli mine“ za učenike osnovnih škola. Ukupno kroz takmičenja direktno i indirektno je obuhvaćeno oko 25.000 djece u čitavoj BiH.

Any other relevant information:

U 2019. godini u BiH je registrovane su 2 deminerske nesreće, u kojima su 2 deminera smrtno stradalo, a 4 deminera povrijeđena. U deminerskoj nesreći koja se dogodila dana 25.06. 2019. Godine u mjestu Nekopi kod Goražda, /organizacija MAG/ povrijeđena su 2 deminera. U deminerskoj nesreći koja se dogodila dana, 25.08.2019. godine u mjestu Donji Mušići na Kupresu. /Udruga "Pazi mine"-Vitez/ 2 deminera su poginula a 2 deminera su povrijeđena

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FORMD: Steps taken to implement Article 6 of the Protocol: Provisions for the protection of humanitarian missions and organizations from the effects of explosive remnants of war

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January to December 2019
[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 6:

Every humanitarian missions and organizations which come to Bosnia and Herzegovina, could ask for all relevant information on mine situation in BiH from BHMIC. Basic activities of BHMIC are as following:

1. Central database maintenance;
2. General survey and urgent marking;
3. Planning and preparation of mine action projects and supporting technical documentation;
4. Prioritization of mine action tasks;
5. Short and long term Plans and Reports;
6. Coordination and monitoring of the implementation OF National Mine Action Strategy and Mine Action Plan;
7. Definition of technical and safety standards;
8. Testing and accreditation;
9. Quality assurance;
10. Certification of cleared areas.

Any other relevant information:

n/a

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FORME: Steps taken to implement Article 7 and Article 8 of the Protocol:
Assistance with respect to existing explosive remnants of war and cooperation and assistance

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January to December 2019
[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 7 and Article 8:

In 1996, Mine Action Centre was established by United Nations (UNMAC) in order to build a local management structure and operational mine action capacity. In the mid 1998, local structure was established, comprising of the Entity Centers and one central Mine Action Centre (BHMAC). In the first phase, number of humanitarian demining organizations was increased, first national mine action standards were issued, and financial resources were improved, as well as professional training. The adoption of the Law on Demining in 2002, established a central structure, BHMAC at the state level, immediately under the Ministry of Civil Affairs.

Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on their Destruction was signed on December 3, 1997, ratified on September 8, 1998 and put into force on March 1, 1999.

BiH has, together with another 14 countries, successfully presented the Request for the extension of Article 5 deadline at the 9th Meeting of the State Parties held in Geneva from November 24-28, 2008. Deadline extension was granted to BiH until year of 2019.

Bosnia and Herzegovina has ratified the Convention on Conventional Weapons (CCW) on September 1st, 1993.

Protocol on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps and Other Devices as amended on 3 May 1996 (Protocol II to the 1980 Convention as amended on 3 May 1996) was ratified on September 7, 2000.

Convention on Cluster Munitions was signed on December 3, 2008 and ratified on September 7, 2010.

During 2016, representatives of Mine Action Centre in BiH actively participated at the 19th International Meeting of Mine Action National Programme Directors and UN advisors, 26th SEEMAC meeting held within the 13th International Symposium on Humanitarian Demining.

Any other relevant information:

Co-operation on the level of foreign governments and embassies in BiH,
Co-operation with the European Union (EU) – IPA Program,
Co-operation in the framework of obligations and meetings related to the Ottawa Convention,
Co-operation with countries in the region in the framework of SEEMACC (South Eastern European Mine Action Coordination Council),
Co-operation with the ITF,
Co-operation with UN organizations (UNDP, UNICEF) and the Geneva International Centre for Humanitarian Demining (GICHD),
Co-operation with International Red Cross Committee,

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Co-operation with EUFOR,
Co-operation with all organizations and institutions involved in mine action activities in BiH.

We can offer the following forms of assistance to the international mine action community:

Establishment of the National mine action centre,
Legal, sublegal and normative regulations,
Establishment of mine information system,
Planning system – production of National strategies, annual and operative activity plans,
Education of executors of humanitarian demining operations, mine risk education,
General survey, definition of suspected hazardous area and education of survey teams.

FORME(a): Steps taken by States which have ERW victims to implement the relevant provisions of Article 8(2): Victim Assistance

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January to December 2019
[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the relevant provisions of Article 8(2):

n/a

Other relevant information, guided by the Plan of Action on Victim Assistance:

n/a

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FORM F: Steps taken to implement Article 9 of the Protocol: Generic preventive measures

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January to December 2019
[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 9 and the Technical Annex:

a. Munitions manufacturing management

We do not have information at our disposal.

b. Munitions management

Stockpiling and ammunition transport is done in accordance with Guidelines on Stockpiling and ammunition transport, prescribing conditions and measures for safe stockpiling and transport of explosive ordnances. Stockpiling and ammunition transport between military locations is under control of Armed forces. Armed forces do not carry out testing shootings because they do not have the permission for this purpose by NATO HQ and EUFOR. Laboratory research of stockpiled explosive ordnances is not done because BiH Armed Forces do not possess necessary equipment. Therefore, possibility of laboratory research in neighboring countries is being considered.

We do not have at our disposal information on periodical test shootings or laboratory tests of stored explosive ordnances.

c. Training

Personnel involved in handling, transportation and use of explosive devices is trained and certificated.

d. Transfer

In the last 6 years there has not been any transfer of arms and ammunition with military stockpiles.

e. Future production

We do not have at our disposal information on experiments for improvement of trustworthiness of explosive ordnances for further production.

Any other relevant information:

U periodu od augusta 2018. godine do maja 2020. godine Projekat „Opća procjena sumnjivih područja u BiH 2018 - 2019“ zajednički će provoditi Centar za uklanjanje mina u Bosni i Hercegovini, Oružane snage BiH i Norveška narodna pomoć (NPA), a realizacija istog planirana je u periodu od augusta 2018. godine do Maja 2020. godine.

Projekat se finansira od strane Evropske komisije kroz hitne grantove u iznosu od 900.000 eura, a provodit će ga 14 timova za netehničko izviđanje (BHMACH-a - 9, Oružanih snaga BiH - 2 i Norveške narodne pomoći - 3).

Cilj ovog projekta je povećanje efikasnosti u protivminskim djelovanjima u Bosni i Hercegovini kroz implementaciju poboljšane opće procjene minske situacije, a u cilju postavljanja nove osnove kroz primjenu netehničkog i tehničkog izviđanja.

Ovim će se osigurati nova osnova za realno planiranje protivminskog djelovanja, u cilju izrade plana za realizaciju Strategije protivminskog djelovanja 2018. - 2025. i pripremu konačnog zahtjeva za ispunjavanje obaveza iz člana 5 Otavske konvencije.

U periodu od 28-30. 01.2020. godine održana je radionica „Definiranje indikatora produktivnosti i potrebnih resursa za vraćanje zemljišta u BiH“ i „Izrada srednjoročnog akcionog plana za vraćanje

- PROTOCOL V -

zemljišta u BiH“.

Aktivnostima na terenu otkazana SOPO iznosi 58 km². Analizirano je 15.569 dokaza. Korigovana je 1151 pozicija zapisnika minskih polja, evidentirano je 300 novih zapisnika minskih polja i za 6023 zapisnika minskih polja je promijenjen status u bazi podataka.

- PROTOCOL V -

FORMG: Steps taken to implement Article 11 of the Protocol: Compliance

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January to December 2019
[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 11:

Standard for mine/UXO clearance and standard for mine risk education as well as standard operational procedures for humanitarian demining and mine risk education in Bosnia and Herzegovina have been developed on the basis of the international mine action standards (IMAS). Chapter VI of Bosnia and Herzegovina Mine Action Standard (drafted on the basis of IMAS) defines removal of ERW in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

There were also established a draft of chapter XVI of Bosnia and Herzegovina Standard for mine/UXOs clearance referring to clearance and technical survey of cluster munitions, a draft of SOP for general survey and new draft of Regulations on issuance of editorials to BIH mine action organizations

Any other relevant information:

Bosnia and Herzegovina Ministry of Defense is willing, in law framework, and if necessary, to request through competent BH institution issuance of adequate instructions and operative procedures to improve expertise of employees in Ministry of Defense i.e. BH Armed Forces who attended training in accordance to provisions of this Protocol.

In the same time, in frame of our law competence, we confirm that we are ready for cooperation consulting with other parties in order to solve any problem that may arise in interpretation and appl method of this Protocol provisions.

- PROTOCOL V -

FORMH: Other relevant matters

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January to December 2019
[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Any other relevant information:

n/a

COVER PAGE OF THE ANNUAL ARTICLE 7 REPORT

NAME OF STATE [PARTY]: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

REPORTING PERIOD: 01.01.2019. to 31.12.2019.

<p>Form A: National implementation measures:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tbody> <tr><td style="width: 20px;"></td><td>changed</td></tr> <tr><td>X</td><td>unchanged (last reporting: 2015)</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>non applicable</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		changed	X	unchanged (last reporting: 2015)		non applicable	<p>Form F: Program of APM destruction:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tbody> <tr><td style="width: 20px;"></td><td>changed</td></tr> <tr><td>X</td><td>unchanged (last reporting: 2015)</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>non applicable</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		changed	X	unchanged (last reporting: 2015)		non applicable
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Notes on using the cover page:

1. The cover page can be used as a **complement** to submitting detailed forms adopted at the First and Second Meetings of the States Parties in instances when the information to be provided in some of the forms in an annual report is the same as it would be in past reports. That is, when using the cover page, only forms within which there is new information needs to be submitted.
2. The cover page can be used as a **substitute** for submitting detailed forms adopted at the First and Second Meetings of the States Parties only if all of the information to be provided in an annual report is the same as in past reports.
3. If an indication is made on the cover sheet that the information to be provided with respect to a particular form is **unchanged** in relationship to a previous year's form, the **date of submission** of the previous form should be clearly indicated.

**CONVENTION ON THE PROHIBITION OF THE USE, STOCKPILING, PRODUCTION AND TRANSFER OF
ANTI-PERSONNEL MINES AND ON THEIR DESTRUCTION**

Reporting Formats for Article 7

STATE [PARTY]:

Bosnia and Herzegovina (annual report 2019)

POINT OF CONTACT:

Ministry of Civil Affairs of BH / The Demining Commission of BH / BHMAL, Trg BiH 1 Sarajevo
Tel/Fax. No. +387 33 445 082; +387 33 206 466; +387 33 253 800; info@bhmac.org

(Name, organization, telephone, fax, email)

(ONLY FOR THE PURPOSES OF CLARIFICATION)

Form A National implementation measures

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:
 a) The national implementation measures referred to in Article 9."

Remark: In accordance with Article 9, "Each State Party shall take all appropriate legal, administrative and other measures, including the imposition of penal sanctions, to prevent and suppress any activity prohibited to a State Party under this Convention undertaken by persons or on territory under its jurisdiction or control".

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2019 to December 2019

Measures	Supplementary information (e.g., effective date of implementation & text of legislation attached).
<p>No additional legal, administrative and other measures were taken during 2019 to prevent and suppress any activity prohibited under the Convention.</p> <p>Bosnia and Herzegovina Criminal Law has been annexed to accommodate ban of all the activities prohibited under the Convention.</p>	<p>Criminal Law of Bosnia and Herzegovina enter into force on 1st March 2003.</p> <p>Chapter XVI: Criminal acts against integrity of Bosnia and Herzegovina – Article 165;</p> <p>Chapter XVII: Criminal acts against humanity and values protected under international law – Articles 193 and 193 a.</p>

Form B Stockpiled anti-personnel mines

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

b) The total of all stockpiled anti-personnel mines owned or possessed by it, or under its jurisdiction or control, to include a breakdown of the type, quantity and, if possible, lot numbers of each type of anti-personnel mine stockpiled."

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2019 to December 2019

Bosnia and Herzegovina does not own or possess stockpiled anti-personnel mines.

Bosnia and Herzegovina has destroyed all stocks of anti-personnel mines except those retained for training purposes as allowed in the Convention. This was reported in November 1999. Total destroyed 460.727 pieces AP mines.

1. Total of stockpiled anti-personnel mines

Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-		

2. Previously unknown stockpiles of anti-personnel mines discovered after the deadlines have passed. *(Action #15 of Nairobi Action Plan)* *

Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-		

* Pursuant to the decision of the 8MSP, as contained in paragraph 29 of the Final Report of the Meeting, document APLC/MSP.8/2007/6.

Form C Location of mined areas

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

c) To the extent possible, the location of all mined areas that contain, or are suspected to contain, anti-personnel mines under its jurisdiction or control, to include as much detail as possible regarding the type and quantity of each type of anti-personnel mine in each mined area and when they were emplaced."

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2019 to December 2019

No.	Administrative area	No of minefield records per Administrative level	No of minefield records per Entity/District	No of minefield records per State
I	Federation of BH		8.158	
1.	Central Bosnia Canton	1.759		
2.	Herzegovina-Neretva Canton	763		
3.	Posavina Canton	382		
4.	Sarajevo Canton	986		
5.	Canton no.10	364		
6.	Tuzla Canton	1.684		
7.	Una-Sana Canton	1.336		
8.	Zenica-Doboj Canton	1.655		
9.	Bosnian Podrinje Canton	229		
10.	West-Herzegovina Canton	2		
II	Republic of Srpska		2.795	
III	Brcko District		673	
TOTAL	Bosnia and Herzegovina			11.626

Collecting of minefield records in Bosnia and Herzegovina is permanent activities which conducted BHMAL. Peer assessment of BHMAL until to now BHMAL is collected about 70% of minefield records.

1. Areas that contain mines*

Location	Type	Quantity	Date of emplacement	Supplementary information
488 locations in Bosnia and Herzegovina	All types of AP mines	Estimation: 82.000 mines and UXO	1992-1995.	Estimation: 95 km ²

Annex 2 List of CHA in Bosnia and Herzegovina

2. Areas suspected to contain mines*

Location	Type	Quantity	Date of emplacement	Supplementary information
1.413 contaminated communities in Bosnia and Herzegovina	All types of AP mines	Estimation: 82.000 mines and UXO	1992-1995.	Mine suspected area on the end of reporting period in Bosnia and Herzegovina is 965 km ² .

Annex 3 List of SHA in Bosnia and Herzegovina

* If necessary, a separate table for each mined area may be provided

Additionally, BHMAC has commenced amendments and annexes for all chapters of Standard for Mine Action in Bosnia and Herzegovina, as well as Standing Operational Procedures for Humanitarian Demining.

In 2019, technical survey were reduced 3.30 km² and through clearance operations were cleared 0.53 km².
963 anti-personnel mines, 19 anti-tank mines and 389 pieces of ERW were found and destroyed during the stated operations.

MINE CLEARANCE	Number of task	Planned area (m ²)	Cleared/sampled area (m ²)	Area in progress (m ²)	Found and destroyed AP mines	Found and destroyed AT mines	Found and destroyed ERW	Participation of administrative levels in mine clearance (%)
UNA-SANA CANTON	5	63,047	63,047	0	97	0	0	21%
POSAVINA CANTON	1	68,150	55,931	12,219	12	0	17	19%
TUZLA CANTON	3	75,147	40,028	35,119	27	0	47	14%
ZENICA-DOBOJ CANTON	1	37,912	3,791	34,121	20	0	4	1%
CENTRAL BOSNIA CANTON	6	42,417	42,417	0	79	6	21	14%
HERZEGOVINA-NERETVA CANTON	2	8,584	8,584	0	23	0	11	3%
SARAJEVO CANTON	2	90,427	67,722	22,705	56	5	2,138	23%
BOSNIA-DRINA CANTON	1	11,343	11,343	0	1	0	0	4%
CANTON 10	1	1,820	1,820	0	97	1	5	0%
BIH FEDERATION	22	398,847	294,683	104,164	412	12	2,243	55%
REPUBLIC OF SRPSKA	16	191,193	191,193	0	152	1	34	36%
BRČKO DISTRICT	1	49,188	49,188	0	16	15	2	9%
BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA	39	639,228	535,064	104,164	580	28	2,279	100%

In 2019, there were 2 registered demining accidents where 2 deminers were killed and four were injured. In the demining accident that occurred 26.06.2019 in Nekopi nearby Goražde / organization "MAG" / 2 deminers were injured. In the demining accident that occurred 25.08.2019 in Donju Mušići, Kupres / association "Pazi Mine" / 2 deminers were killed and two of them were injured.

Date	Municipality	Activity conducted during the accident	Mine/cluster munition/ERW	Dead	Injured	Sex
25.06.2019	Goražde	demining	MINE	0	2	M
25.08.2019	Kupres	demining	MINE	2	2	M

Anti-personnel mines victims

Form D APMs retained or transferred

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

d) The types, quantities and, if possible, lot numbers of all anti-personnel mines retained or transferred for the development of and training in mine detection, mine clearance or mine destruction techniques, or transferred for the purpose of destruction, as well as the institutions authorized by a State Party to retain or transfer anti-personnel mines, in accordance with Article 3"

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2019 to December 2019

1a. **Compulsory:** Retained for development of and training in (*Article 3, para.1*)

As 31 December 2016, Bosnia and Herzegovina has retained **982 pieces AP** mines for purposes permitted under Article 3 of the Convention (for training mine detection dogs, testing demining machines and education) as follows in the table below.

Institution authorized by State Party	Type	Quantity	Supplementary information	
ARMED FORCES BiH	PMA-1	5	Polygon Barracks "Bozan Simovic"-Capljina Poligon Kasarna Rajlovac	
	PMA-2	26		
	PMA-3	17		
	PMR-2A	16		
	PROM-1	10		
MDDC	PMA -1	2	Training polygon	Warehouse MDDC Borci, Konjic

			2		
MDDC	PMA-2	8	6		2
	PMA-3	4	3		1
	PMR-2A				
	PROM-1				
The Mines Advisory Group Predstavništvo u BiH-MAG	PMA-2	10	Training polygon Rakovac Pale		
	PMA-3	5			
REPUBLIC ADMINISTRATION OF CIVIL PROTECTION OF REPUBLIC OF SRPSKA	PMA-2	4	Office		
	PMR-2A	1			
BHMAC	PMA-1	25	Polygon Barracks "Bozan Simovic"-Capljina	Polygon-Tilava (E.SA)	BHMAC (Sarajevo)
			11	14	
	PMA-2	35	11	14	10
	PMA-3	46	20	26	
	PMR-2A	10			10
	PROM-1	21	9	12	
STOP MINES	PMA-1	21	Polygon Rakovac, Pale		Warehouse
			21		
	PMA-2	53	49		4
	PMA-3	22	21		1
	PMR-2A	17	17		
	PROM-1	7	7		
	PMA-2	10	Warehouse Ortijes-Mukosa, Mostar		

PROVITA	PMA-3	8				
PROVITA	PMR-2A	17				
	PROM-1	8				
N&N IVSA	PMR-2A	4				
	PMA-2	2				
	PMA -3	7				
	PROM-1	1				
	PMA-1	8				
UDRUŽENJE ZA ELIMINACIJU MINA (UEM)	PMA-2	1				
	PMA-1	1				
	PMR-2A	4				
	PMA-3	10				
TRENING TIM VOGOŠĆA	PMA-1	2				
	PMA-2	14				
	PMA-3	4				
DETEKTOR	PMA-1	5				
	PMA-2	14				
	PMA-3	6				
	PMR-2A	10				
DEMIRA	PMA-1	1				
	PMA-2	2				
	PMA-3	6				
	PMR-2A	5				
	PROM-1	2				
NPA	PMA-1	61	Training Polygon Ortiješ, Mostar	Training Polygon Blagovac, Vogošća	Training polygons: Lončari, Donji Zabar	Training polygons in demining area
			21	19	17	4

	PMA-2	81	26	28	23	4
NPA	PMA-3	98	28	26	37	7
	PMR-2A	60	19	14	22	5
	PMR 2A-ČAPLJINKA	5	3	2		
	PROM-1	9			9	
	MRUD	2	2			
TOTAL		834				
In November 1999 BiH reported UN General Secretary that it destroyed all the stockpiles of mines, i.e. 460.727 pieces						

1b. *Voluntary information (Action #54 of Nairobi Action Plan)*

Objectives	Activity / Project	Supplementary information <i>(Description of programs or activities, their objectives and progress, types of mines, time period if and when appropriate...)</i>
-	-	“Information on the plans requiring the retention of mines for the development of and training in mine detection, mine clearance, or mine destruction techniques and report on the actual use of retained mines and the results of such use”

NOTE: Each State Party should provide information on plans and future activities if and when appropriate and reserves the right to modify it at any time

Form D (continued)

No anti-personnel mines were transferred during the previous calendar year for permitted purposes.

2. **Compulsory:** Transferred for development of and training in (*Article 3, para.1*)

Institution authorized by State Party	Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information: e.g. transferred from, transferred to
-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-----			

3. **Compulsory:** Transferred for the purpose of destruction (*Article 3, para.2*)

Institution authorized by State Party	Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information: e.g. transferred from, transferred to
-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-----	-		

Form E Status of programs for conversion or de-commissioning of APM production facilities

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

e) The status of programs for the conversion or de-commissioning of anti-personnel mine production facilities."

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2019 to December 2019

Bosnia and Herzegovina has no additional information on the conversion or decommissioning of APM product facilities.

Indicate if to "convert" or "decommission"	Status (indicate if "in process" or "completed")	Supplementary information
<p>Within Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina:</p> <p>The Bugojno's factory has destroyed all of the equipment used in mine production. Factory itself has reorganized production and is not producing mines, nor is able to produce mines any more.</p> <p>"Igman Konjic" – Konjic, the factory is producing initial ammo but NOT AP mines.</p> <p>"Pobjeda" – Gorazde, the factory is producing initial explosives and ammo but NOT AP mines.</p>	<p>Within Republic Srpska, mine production factories did not exist before the war, or after.</p>	<p>To date the State Party of Bosnia and Herzegovina has completed the programme appertaining to the conversion or decommissioning of APM production facilities.</p>

Form F Status of programs for destruction of APMs

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:
 f) The status of programs for the destruction of anti-personnel mines in accordance with Articles 4 and 5, including details of the methods which will be used in destruction, the location of all destruction sites and the applicable safety and environmental standards to be observed."

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2019 to December 2019

1. Status of programs for destruction of stockpiled APMs (*Article 4*)

The State Party of Bosnia and Herzegovina has destroyed all stocks of landmines except those retained for training purposes as allowed in the Convention, Article 4.

Description of the status of programs including:	Details of:
Location of destruction sites	
-	Methods
-	Applicable safety standards
-	Applicable environmental standards

2. Status of programs for destruction of APMs in mined areas (*Article 5*)

Description of the status of programs including:	Details of:
Location of destruction sites Destruction of mines and UXO is conducted on the discovery site or other placed envisaged for that, in accordance with Standard for Mines and UXO Destruction in Bosnia and Herzegovina	
Destruction of mines and UXO in Bosnia and Herzegovina is conducted by explosive charge	Methods
Standards as specified in Standard for Mines and UXO Destruction in Bosnia and Herzegovina	Applicable safety standards
Standards in accordance with Standard for Mines and UXO Destruction in Bosnia and Herzegovina	Applicable environmental standards

Form G APMs destroyed after entry into force

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

g) The types and quantities of all anti-personnel mines destroyed after the entry into force of this Convention for that State Party, to include a breakdown of the quantity of each type of anti-personnel mine destroyed, in accordance with Articles 4 and 5, respectively, along with, if possible, the lot numbers of each type anti-personnel mine in the case of destruction in accordance with Article 4"

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2019 to December 2019

The State Party of Bosnia and Herzegovina has completed the destruction of APMs in accordance with Article 4 of the Convention.

	Quantity	TOTAL	Total per group
AP mines destroyed by BH Armed Forces:		466,786	
Deminers of BH Armed Forces	466,786		
Mine clearance		66,347	
Teams of Civil Protections	7,752		
Others demining companies (mine-explosive devices collected as UXO)	15,557		
Demining teams (Non-governmental organization and commercial companies)	43,038		
Total:			533,133

1. Destruction of stockpiled APMs (*Article 4*)

Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-		

2. Destruction of APMs in mined areas (*Article 5*)

Type	Quantity	Supplementary information
APMs	963	-
	-	-
TOTAL	963	

Form G (continued)

There have been no new discoveries of AP mines in Bosnia and Herzegovina after deadline expiration.

3. Previously unknown stockpiles of anti-personnel mines discovered and destroyed after the deadlines have passed. (*Action #15 of Nairobi Action Plan*)*

Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-		

Form H Technical characteristics of each type produced/owned or possessed

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

h) The technical characteristics of each type of anti-personnel mine produced, to the extent known, and those currently owned or possessed by a State Party, giving, where reasonably possible, such categories of information as may facilitate identification and clearance of anti-personnel mines; at a minimum, this information shall include the dimensions, fusing, explosive content, metallic content, colour photographs and other information which may facilitate mine clearance"

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2019 to December 2019

Bosnia and Herzegovina has no additional information on the technical characteristic of anti/personnel mines owned or possessed. Technical characteristics of each AP mine produced ALL DETAILS SUBMITTED IN OUR 2000 REPORT.

1. Technical characteristics of each APM-type produced

Type	Dimensions	Fusing	Explosive content		Metallic content	Color photo attached	Supplementary information to facilitate mine clearance.
			type	grams			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

* Pursuant to the decision of the 8MSP, as contained in paragraph 29 of the Final Report of the Meeting, document APLC/MSP.8/2007/6.

The State Party of Bosnia and Herzegovina has destroyed all stocks of landmines except those retained for training purposes as allowed in the Convention.

2. Technical characteristics of each APM-type currently owned or possessed

Type	Dimensions (cm)	Fusing	Explosive content		Metallic content	Color photo attached	Supplementary information to facilitate mine clearance.
			type	grams			
PMA-1	Rectangle 14*7*3	No fuse	Pressed trotyl (TNT)	200	No	Yes	Mines are buried in polygons for testing
PMA-2	6,5*33*2,7 Cylinder	No fuse	Pressed trotyl (TNT)	70	No	Yes	
PMA-3	10,4*4 Cylinder	No fuse	Pressed trotyl (TNT)	35	No	Yes	
PMR-2A	Cylinder 6,5*13,2	No fuse	Pressed trotyl (TNT)	100	Yes	Yes	
PROM-1	Cylinder 7,5*15,5*10	No fuse	Pressed trotyl (TNT)	420	Yes	Yes	
MRUD	Fragmentation plate with 650 steel balls with diameter of 5,5 mm (23*10*5)	No fuse	Plastic	900	Yes	Yes	

Form I Measures to provide warning to the population

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

- i) The measures taken to provide an immediate and effective warning to the population in relation to all areas identified under paragraph 2 of Article 5."

Remark: In accordance with Article 5, para.2: "Each State Party shall make every effort to identify all areas under its jurisdiction or control in which anti-personnel mines are known or suspected to be emplaced and shall ensure as soon as possible that all anti-personnel mines in mined areas under its jurisdiction or control are perimeter-marked, monitored and protected by fencing or other means, to ensure the effective exclusion of civilians, until all anti-personnel mines contained therein have been destroyed. The marking shall at least be to the standards set out in the Protocol on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps and Other Devices, as amended on 3 May 1996, annexed to the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects".

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2019 to December 2019

In 2019, mine/ERW/cluster munition awareness activities were continuously conducted through public information, education of at-risk groups of population and liaison of mine action and at-risk community. The focus of mine/ERW/cluster munition awareness was the conduct of activities in at-risk communities with large suspect area, i.e. the focus was the most at-risk groups of population. In the reporting period, 11 mine/ERW/cluster munition awareness projects are either being realized or completed, and 36,295 persons were educated about mine threat.

Project name	Administrative level	Organization	Number of educated persons
UM EUFOR	Bosnia and Herzegovina	EUFOR	19,260
Trusina		Norwegian People's Aid NPA	603
Debelo Brdo		Norwegian People's Aid NPA	1,269
Novo Selo		Norwegian People's Aid NPA	103
Richard International Primary School		Norwegian People's Aid NPA	60
Upozoravanje na mine	Unsko sanski Kanton	Red Cross Society BiH	12,000
"Misli mine"	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Red Cross Society BiH	3,000
TOTAL			36,295

Based on the knowledges about illegal migration on the territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina, and due to increased migrations through BiH, Mine Action Centre BiH organized theme meetings about the issue in cooperation with Border Police of BiH, Norwegian People's Aid (NPA), International Red Cross Committee and Red Cross Society, all in order to preventively take measures of warning migrants about the threats of mines/ERW/cluster munition.

As a result of these meetings, IRCC BiH has issued 22,246 pieces of material (leaflets, posters and one banner at Vučjak) in five languages (Arab, Urdu, Pashtu, Farsi, English) for 10 locations in BiH (Bihać, Velika Kladuša, Cazin, Bijeljina, Zvornik, Čajniče, Ključ, Mostar, Tuzla, Kalesija, Trebinje). The leaflets were produced in cooperation with BHMAG and with the financial support of ICRC. Distribution of leaflets was completed via mobile teams of Red Cross BiH at locations mentioned above. Red Cross Bosnia and Herzegovina as a structure has realized the competition "Misli mine" for primary school pupils. A total of approximately 25.0 00 children were directly and indirectly involved. During 2019, two courses were held for mine awareness instructors, attended by 50 attendees from various organizations which deal with mine awareness. The Red Cross Society BiH as a structure realized the competition "Misli mine" for primary school pupil. A total of approximately 25.0 00 children were directly and indirectly involved.

Form J Other relevant matters

Remark: States Parties may use this form to report voluntarily on other relevant matters, including matters pertaining to compliance and implementation not covered by the formal reporting requirements contained in Article 7. States Parties are encouraged to use this form to report on activities undertaken with respect to Article 6, and in particular to report on assistance provided for the care and rehabilitation, and social and economic reintegration, of mine victims.

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2019 to December 2019

[Narrative / reference to other reports:]

Bosnia and Herzegovina is able to share expertise and experience in Mine Action. Bosnia and Herzegovina is not a position to provide financial assistance to other State Party.

MINE VICTIM ASSISTANCE

In 2019, 2 coordination meetings were held for mine/ERW/cluster munition victims assistance in BiH, with one goal: to coordinate activities in the area of victims assistance, to raise awareness about issues and needs of mine victims, to create projects, plans and documents in order to improve the social position of mine victims.

In 2019, and in joint initiative of World Vision, UDAS and Mine Action Centre BiH, within EU funded program in BiH "Integrated social and economic support to mine victims in BiH", a draft has been prepared of the action plan for 2019 – 2025 for Mine Victims Assistance in BiH.

In the period of 1996–2019, 113 mine victims assistance projects were realized in BiH, and they are recorded in BHMAC database, encompassing 407 direct users. Out of that number, 384 persons were involved through economic, medical, social or legal assistance, while 23 women participated.

In this recording period, there has been a continuous database update of BHMAIS. The information from BHMAIS victims database were distributed as per legal request to all interested parties, in accordance to The Law on Protection of Personal Data in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

The implementation of the EU supported project has been finalized in BiH. The project "Social and economic empowerment of mine victims and their families through purchase of tools, technical equipment, training in small business, and technical support in following municipalities: Konjic, Lukavac, Travnik, Donji Vakuf, Bihać, Velika Kladuša, Doboj, Stanari, Zvornik, Čajnice and Bosanka Krupa. The total project value is EU 388.830. The project was implemented by organizations World Vision BiH and Amputee Association "UDAS" from RS, encompassing 60 direct mine/ERW/cluster munition victims.

Amputee Association "UDAS" has organized the following in 2019: 6 educations, 5 round tables with the topic of accessibility for persons with disabilities (representatives of OSI organizations and representatives of authorities; two brochures were made (manual for peer support and inclusive employment of persons with disabilities); 3 meetings were held of peer support in 3 cities; project visual was designed; webpage <https://ravnopravnorazliciti.org/> has been designed; social network sites were opened (Facebook, Twitter, Instagram); two activities were held with the representatives of media in order to promote the project; 3 meetings were held of the members of men and women with disabilities (women network, mine victims network); several meetings were held with representatives of local and entity authorities; a team has been created for the monitoring of legislation in the area of social inclusion of persons with disabilities; analysis was made of the architectural accessibility for 20 schools and 6 public institutions, partial activity was conducted within the advocacy campaign "All Faces of Accessibility"; 4 meetings were held with partner organizations and 13 meetings of the project team, in order to jointly plan the realization of the project and a reflection upon previous implementation flow. Total number of direct participants is 359 (187f/172m)

In 2019, a non-government organization "ABS" conducted the analysis and grading of 89 accepted business plans submitted by users who were mine victims, from 11 local project communities.

The said organization "ABS" organized and realized the distribution of livestock for 11 users at 4 administrative units: Velika Kladuša, Bihać, Lukavac and Zvornik, along with delivery and setting up greenhouses for 4 users. This organization also completed the delivery of motor hoes with drive wheels and tools for 31 users – mine victims in 11 municipalities, along with distribution of various tractor attachments for 5 users.

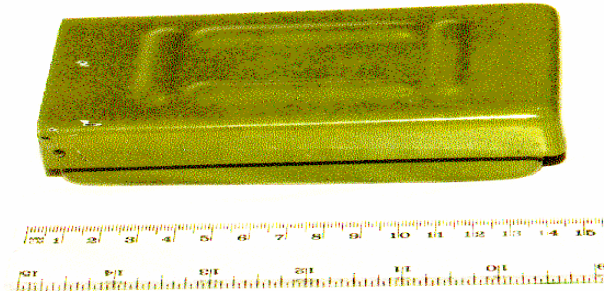
The first conference of mine victims has been realized, including transport and lodgings on Jahorina for users – mine victims, local coordinators from 11 administrative units, and guest lecturers.

A touring exhibition has been organized for art works created at the art colonies in 11 targeted municipalities from February to July 2019. In that period, the project team has organized a total of 11 exhibitions within 88 days. A total of 2151 persons visited the exhibition and were acquainted with advocacy messages sublimed through the slogan "BiH without mines, barriers and victims by 2025".

The support for the organization of peer groups by trained personnel from the centers for mental health and rehabilitation in 11 targeted communities. 63 mine survivors and 25 employees participated in total of 9 peer support groups.

ANNEX 1 – PHOTOGRAPHS OF AP MINES IN BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

PMA – 1



PMA-2



PMA-3



PMR-2A



MRUD



PROM-1

