



ENGLISH only

The Permanent Mission of the Principality of Liechtenstein to the OSCE presents its compliments to the Delegations of all other Participating States and to the Conflict Prevention Centre and, with reference to Decision 7/04 of the Forum for Security and Cooperation, has the honour to transmit herewith Liechtenstein's reply to the "OSCE Questionnaire on Anti-Personnel Mines and Explosive Remnants of War" for the reporting year 2016 as well as relevant attachments thereto.

The Permanent Mission of the Principality of Liechtenstein to the OSCE wishes to take this opportunity to renew to the Delegations of all other Participating States and to the Conflict Prevention Centre the assurances of its highest consideration.



Vienna, 5 May 2017 G.6.5./ek

To all Delegations/Permanent Missions of OSCE Participating States and to the Conflict Prevention Centre OSCE
<u>Vienna</u>

COVER PAGE¹ OF THE ANNUAL ARTICLE 7 REPORT

| NAME OF STATE [PARTY]:LIECHTENSTEIN | |
|--|---|
| REPORTING PERIOD:01/01/2016 | to _31/12/2016 |
| (dd/mm/yyyy) | (dd/mm/yyyy) |
| Form A: National implementation | Form F: Programme of APM |
| measures: | destruction: |
| □ changed | □ changed |
| X unchanged (last reporting: 2014) | ☐ unchanged (last reporting: yyyy) |
| | X non applicable |
| Form B: Stockpiled anti-personnel mines: | Form G: APM destroyed: |
| □ changed | □ changed |
| □ unchanged (last reporting: yyyy) | ☐ unchanged (last reporting: yyyy) |
| X non applicable | X non applicable |
| | |
| Form C: Location of mined areas: | Form H: Technical characteristics: |
| □ changed | □ changed |
| ☐ unchanged (last reporting: yyyy) | □ unchanged (last reporting: yyyy) |
| X non applicable | X non applicable |
| | |
| Form D: APMs retained or transferred: | Form I: Warning measures: |
| □ changed | □ changed |
| ☐ unchanged (last reporting: yyyy) | ☐ unchanged (last reporting: yyyy) |
| X non applicable | X non applicable |
| Form E: Status of conversion | Form J: Other Relevant Matters: |
| programmes: | |
| □ changed | □ changed |
| □ unchanged (last reporting: yyyy) | X unchanged (last reporting: 2002) |
| X non applicable | □ non applicable |
| - 9 mass is summed in 19, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20 | 270-4700000-0400-0400-04000-040000-0400000 1607-16 |

¹ Notes on using the cover page:

^{1.} The cover page could be used as a **complement** to submitting detailed forms adopted at the [First and Second] Meetings of the States parties in instances when the information to be provided in some of the forms in an annual report is the same as it would be in past reports. That is, when using the cover page, only forms within which there is new information would need to be submitted.

^{2.} The cover page could be used as a **substitute** for submitting detailed forms adopted at the [First and Second] Meetings of the States parties only if all of the information to be provided in an annual report is the same as in past reports.

^{3.} If an indication is made on the cover sheet that the information to be provided with respect to a particular form would be unchanged in relationship to a previous year's form, the date of submission of the previous form should be clearly indicated.

OSCE QUESTIONNAIRE ON ANTI-PERSONNEL MINES

To be submitted no later than 31 May of each year; Liechtenstein reply to the reporting year 2016

Part I

1. Is your country a State Party to the 1996 Amended Protocol II on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps and Other Devices annexed to the 1980 Convention on Conventional Weapons (CCW)?

Yes

If yes:

2. Please attach the most recent annual report submitted by your country in accordance with Article 13 of the Amended Protocol or give the appropriate electronic address for the report.

See attachment

If no:

- 3. Is your country considering ratification/accession to the Amended Protocol II?
- 4. What measures have been taken to prevent the indiscriminate use of mines, booby-traps and other devices?

Liechtenstein does not maintain armed forces. It has never produced, stockpiled or used mines. The Amended Protocol II on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps and Other Devices entered into force for Liechtenstein on 3 December 1998. The Protocol is an integral part of the Liechtenstein legal order and is published in the Official Law Gazette under the reference number "LGBl. 1998 No. 155". The provisions of the Convention are met by the Swiss Federal Law on War Material of 13 December 1996 with Ordinance, which - due to the Customs Union Treaty with Switzerland - is except for the provisions on brokerage also applicable in Liechtenstein.

In order to prohibit all activities focused on the brokerage of war material, including anti-personnel mines, the Ordinance on the Procurement of War Material was adopted by the Liechtenstein Government. It entered into force on 7 October 1999. This Ordinance was reviewed in 2008. The new comprehensive Liechtenstein Law on Brokering in War Material, which entered into force on 1 March 2009, strengthens the legal basis for cooperation with international organizations and for data protection, sets clear responsibilities for enforcement and increases the penalties for violations.

5. Would your country be interested in receiving assistance related to the implementation of this Protocol? If so, please describe.

Liechtenstein has never produced, stockpiled or used any sort of mines. There are no mines placed on the territory of Liechtenstein.

6. Does your country have the capacity to assist others related to this Protocol? If so, please describe.

Liechtenstein has no expertise in the fields of mine-technology and demining. However, it financially supports the UN Voluntary Trust Fund for Assistance in Mine Clearance and other activities in the fields of demining and mine victims assistance on a regular basis.

Part II

7. Has your country ratified or acceded to the 1997 Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on Their Destruction?

Yes

8.(a) If yes, please attach the most recent report submitted by your country in accordance with Article 7 of the Convention or give the appropriate electronic address for the report.

See attachment

- (b) If no, is your country considering ratification/accession to the Convention?
- (c) Has your country adopted legislation to address the humanitarian objectives of the convention, or taken any specific measures regarding the use, production, storage, transfer and destruction of anti-personnel landmines? In case a moratorium has been introduced, what is its scope and duration and when was it introduced?

Liechtenstein does not maintain armed forces. It has never produced, stockpiled or used anti-personnel mines. The Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines of 18 September 1997 entered into force for Liechtenstein on 1 April 2000. The Convention is an integral part of the Liechtenstein legal order and is published in the Official Law Gazette under the reference number "LGBl. 1999 No. 229". The provisions of the Convention are met by the Swiss Federal Law on War Material of 13 December 1996 with Ordinance, which due to the Customs Union Treaty with Switzerland - is except for the provisions on brokerage also applicable in Liechtenstein.

In order to prohibit all activities focused on the brokerage of war material, including anti-personnel mines, the Ordinance on the Procurement of War Material was adopted by the Liechtenstein Government. It entered into force on 7 October 1999. This Ordinance was reviewed in 2008. The new comprehensive Liechtenstein Law on Brokering in War Material, which entered into force on 1 March 2009, strengthens the legal basis for cooperation with international organizations and for data protection, sets clear responsibilities for enforcement and increases the penalties for violations.

In the context of Liechtenstein's ratification of the Convention on Cluster Munitions in 2013, Liechtenstein included a prohibition of financing prohibited weapons (including anti-personnel mines) into its legislation. The amended "Law on Brokering in War Material" (LGBl. 2013 No. 197) prohibits direct as well as indirect financing of prohibited weapons. According to article 7b the following acts are considered as direct financing: the direct extension of credits, loans and donations or comparable financial benefits to cover the costs of or to promote the development, manufacturing or the acquisition of prohibited war material. Article 7c defines indirect financing as the participation in companies that develop, manufacture or acquire forbidden war material as well as the purchase of bonds or other investment products issued by such companies. According to article 29b violations of article 7b or 7c shall be punished with imprisonment up to 5 years.

9. Does your country have any specific measures in place to provide assistance to victims?

Liechtenstein provides mine victims assistance through its contributions to the ICRC in general and to the ICRC Special Fund for the Disabled and to ICRC activities for mine victims in particular.

10. Does your country require assistance in mine clearance, stockpile destruction, mine awareness and/or victim assistance? If so, please describe.

Liechtenstein has never produced, stockpiled or used anti-personnel mines. There are no anti-personnel mines placed on the territory of Liechtenstein.

11. Does your country have the capacity to assist others in mine action? If so, please describe.

Liechtenstein has no expertise in the fields of mine-technology and demining. However, it financially supports the UN Voluntary Trust Fund for Assistance in Mine Clearance and other activities in the fields of demining and mine victims assistance on a regular basis.

OSCE QUESTIONNAIRE ON EXPLOSIVE REMNANTS OF WAR

To be submitted on a voluntary basis along with the OSCE Questionnaire on Anti-personnel Mines no later than 31 May each year.

1. Has your country notified the Depositary of its consent to be bound by the 2003 CCW Protocol V on Explosive Remnants of War (ERW) once it enters into force? Is your country considering doing so?

Liechtenstein has notified the Depositary of its consent to be bound by Protocol V on 12 May 2006.

- 2. If yes, at what stage is the process?
- 3. Would your country be interested in receiving assistance in clearing or otherwise minimizing the risks and effects of ERW? If so, please describe.

There are no mines or ERW placed on the territory of Liechtenstein.

4. Does your country have the capacity to assist others in clearing and minimizing the risks and effects of ERW? If so, please describe.

Liechtenstein has no expertise in the fields of mine-technology and demining. However, it financially supports the UN Voluntary Trust Fund for Assistance in Mine Clearance and other activities in the fields of demining and mine victims assistance on a regular basis.

PROTOCOL ON PROHIBITIONS OR RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF MINES, BOOBY-TRAPS AND OTHER DEVICES AS AMENDED ON 3 MAY 1996, ANNEXED TO THE CONVENTION ON PROHIBITIONS OR RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF CERTAIN CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS WHICH MAY BE DEEMED TO BE EXCESSIVELY INJURIOUS OR TO HAVE INDISCRIMINATE EFFECTS

(PROTOCOL II AS AMENDED ON 3 MAY 1996)

Summary sheet

Summary Reporting Format for Article 13 paragraph 4 and Article 11 paragraph 2, pursuant to the decision of the Fifth Annual Conference of the States Parties to CCW Amended Protocol II as stipulated in paragraph 20 of its Final Document, CCW/AP.II/CONF.5/2

| NAME OF THE HIGH CONTRACTING PARTY | LIECHTENSTEIN |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| DATE OF SUBMISSION | 14 March 2017 |
| NATIONAL POINT(S) OF CONTACT | Martin Hasler Office for Foreign Affairs Heiligkreuz 14 9490 Vaduz Phone: (+423) 236 74 76 Fax: (+423) 236 60 59 e-mail: martin.hasler@llv.li (Organization, telephones, fax, e-mail) |
| | (Organization, telephones, tax, e-man) |

| This | information can be available to other interested parties and relevant organizations |
|------|---|
| X | YES |
| | NO |
| | |

REPORTING PERIOD: 01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017

General Remarks:

Liechtenstein does not maintain armed forces. It has never used, stockpiled or produced any sort of mines. There are no mines placed on the territory of Liechtenstein. Form A: Dissemination of information: X unchanged (last reporting: 1999) Form B: Mine clearance and rehabilitation programmes: □ changed X unchanged (last reporting: 1999) Form C: Technical requirements and relevant information: □ changed X unchanged (last reporting: 1999) Form D: Legislation: □ changed X unchanged (last reporting: 2004) Form E: International technical information exchange, co-operation on mine clearance, technical co-operation and assistance: □ changed X unchanged (last reporting: 2004) Form F: Other relevant matters: □ changed X unchanged (last reporting: 1999) Form G: Information to the UN-database on mine clearance: □ changed X unchanged (last reporting: 1999)