DECISION OF THE PANEL OF ADJUDICATORS OF THE OSCE

WITH REGARD TO THE EXTERNAL APPEAL BY

(CASE No: OSCE PoA 40/2019)

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1.	The Chairperson of the Panel of Adjudicators (PoA) of the OSCE received on 11 June
	2019 a letter from the Chairperson of the Permanent Council of the OSCE transmitting
	an external appeal by (Applicant), a former staff member at the
	OSCE

- 2. The Chairperson of the Panel, through the Executive Secretary of the Panel, informed the Secretary General of the OSCE (Respondent) and the Applicant on 12 June 2019 of the constitution of the Panel, asking them to forward any further communication to the Panel as per Article 5 of the Rules of Procedure of the Panel to reach the Panel no later than 12 July 2019. The Respondent forwarded his reply on 12 July 2019, which was transmitted to the Applicant on 17 July 2019, advising that has a right to file a response by 6 August 2019. Further, the Applicant was asked questions about the way and the date of filing request for external review. The Applicant, on 4 August 2019, responded to the questions and filed response on 6 August 2019. This response of the Applicant was transmitted to Respondent for information. On 24 January 2020 the Applicant and Respondent were informed of the modification in the composition of the Panel.
- 3. In accordance with Article VI of the Terms of Reference of the Panel, the Chairperson of the Panel convened the Panel on 30 and 31 January 2020 at the Hofburg premises at Vienna to examine the appeal. The Panel was composed of its Chairperson, Mr. Thomas Laker, and its members Ms. Catherine Quidenus and Ms. Jenny Schokkenbroek.
- 4. After examining all the documents submitted to it, the Panel noted that the Applicant contests the decision of the Head of Mission (HoM) to abolish the post held by the Applicant as and not to extend appointment beyond 31 December 2018. The Applicant claims an amount of EUR 16,884 as damage

and to be awarded EUR 5,550 as reimbursement for legal fees.

5. The Respondent, pursuant to his reply, holds the view that the request for external review was filed after the prescribed deadline. Further he considers the application to be without merits. Therefore, the Respondent submits that the case should be dismissed.

Summary of facts

	Based on the respective	recommendations,	the	decided	to abolis	h four	out	of
	eight posts of	as of 1	January	2019.				

- 7. In July 2018, an Inter Office Memorandum on "2019 Staff Retention Guidelines" was issued, outlining procedures for the implementation of the staff reduction. Since seven out of eight positions of were filled at that time, it was envisaged to establish a Review Panel (RP) in order to make recommendations to the Head of Mission (HoM) regarding the future incumbency of the retained posts.
- 8. In September 2018, the RP was established and started the review process, which included a written test and an interview. Six out of seven employees holding the position of participated in the selection process for the retained posts. The RP's recommendations were conveyed to the HoM, who, on 18 September 2018, issued a letter to the Applicant informing of the intention to abolish several posts of sa well as the decision not to extend appointment beyond 31 December 2018.
- 9. Based on the Applicant's request for internal review, an Internal Review Board (IRB) was established. In its report of 11 January 2019, the IRB recommended to uphold the decision to abolish the post held by the Applicant and not to extend appointment beyond 31 December 2018.
- 10. On 20 February 2019, the HoM agreed with the recommendation of the IRB and, in consultation with the Respondent, decided to reject the Applicant's request for internal review.

11. In request for external appeal, dated 18 April 2019, the Applicant confirms that received the above decision on 20 February 2019. Pursuant to the copy of the respective document (see annex 20 to the Applicant's submission of 6 August 2019), the hard copy of the above request was addressed to "OSCE Secretariat, Secretary General, Wallnerstrasse 6, Vienna – Austria" and delivered at the post office on 18 April 2019. The request for external review was received by the OSCE Secretariat on 30 April 2019. The request was submitted by said hard copy only.

Contentions of parties

12. The Applicant's major contentions are:

- The HoM does not possess the power to decide to abolish posts;
- The final decision (dated 20 February 2019) is in contradiction to Staff Rules 4.02.1, 4.02.2 and to Staff Regulation 4.02 (a); further, it violates right to due process (right to be heard).

13. The Respondent's major contentions are:

- The application was not submitted timely;
- The RP was composed of persons not biased and not discriminating, and acted in full compliance with the rules.

Considerations

Procedural issues

Timeliness of the external appeal

- 14. Pursuant to Staff Rule 10.02.2 (d) (ii), an application shall not be admissible unless it has been "filed within sixty days ...from the date of the notification to the applicant of the decision rejecting his/her request for internal review".
- 15. The Panel takes note that the Applicant was notified of the decision rejecting request for internal review on 20 February 2019. Further, it follows from the documents submitted by the Applicant that delivered request for external review to a post office in on Thursday, 18 April 2019. Further, the Panel notes that, on the request form, the stamp from OSCE indicates the date of 30 April 2020.
- 16. OSCE's internal rules are silent on the calculation of time-limits. Based on various national and international legal systems, it is the Panel's established jurisprudence that the day of receipt of the notification is disregarded for such calculation (see Panel's decision of 24 November 2017, OSCE PoA 2/2017, para. 21f; decision of 6 September 2019, OSCE PoA 22/19 et al., para. 16). Further, it is a general rule in most national and international legal systems that in case the last day of a time-frame is a Sunday or a national holiday, the time-limit ends on the next working day.
- 17. It follows from the above that the 60 day time-limit for the Applicant started to run on 21 February 2019, and accordingly ended on Sunday, 21 April 2019. As Monday, 22 April 2019, was a national holiday in Austria (Easter Monday) which was also observed by the OSCE (see Staff Circular No. 04/2018 on OSCE Official Holidays in 2019), the time-line to file the request ended on Tuesday, 23 April 2019.
- 18. The fact that the request for external appeal was delivered to a post office in on 18 April 2019 has no bearing on the calculation at hand. As emphasized above, an appeal shall be "filed" within the applicable deadline, rather than be "sent". For a submission, pursuant to established legal tradition, only the date of its reception

matters, whereas the date of dispatch is normally irrelevant. There may be national legal systems which – by way of explicit exception in their respective rules – focus on the dispatch by registered mail. However, as such exceptions are not included in the rules of the OSCE, they are not binding for the present case. Therefore, the Panel cannot but state that the request for external review was filed beyond the prescribed deadline of 23 April 2019.

- 19. In the interest of justice and equal treatment, time-limits are to be enforced strictly. Compliance with time-limits is among each party's responsibilities (see Panel's decision of 24 November 2017, OSCE PoA 2/2017, para. 23). By dispatching the request at a post office in home country, the Applicant could not expect and trust that it would be received by the OSCE in Austria within five days, among which several days were no working days.
- 20. Pursuant to Staff Rule 10.02.2 (d) (iv), the Panel may exceptionally decide to waive the time-limit mentioned above. No criteria or reasons for such an exception are recorded in the rules. The Panel takes notes that for the internal appeals procedure, Article III 3 (a) of Appendix 12 to the Staff Rules and Staff Regulations provides that the IRB shall admit a delayed appeal where the appellant had "legitimate reasons for not having submitted his/her request within the prescribed time-limit".
- 21. In the Panels view, if read together, both provisions call for the application of strict standards in waiving legally prescribed time-limits. Therefore, exceptions based on such legitimate reasons should normally only be accepted were the delay was caused by exceptional circumstances beyond an applicant's control. Also, it is for an applicant to submit substantiated and precise information about the circumstances which prevented him or her from complying with the respective time-limits (see Panel's decision of 20 April 2018, OSCE PoA 5/2017, para. 15).
- 22. In the present case, no such legitimate reasons can be found. The Applicant has not even seized the opportunity to submit such reasons for consideration. The Panel does not share the view that the Applicant is discriminated against potential applicants from other countries who may or may not have more time to file their appeal via a post office. Also, there is no need to physically hand over the application in order to avoid problems with

transmission of hard copies via a post office. The Applicant, having an email address and communicating with the Panel by it, could have easily used electronic means for the timely transmission of application, as it is normal practice between administration and staff.

Merits

23. Pursuant to Staff Rule 10.02.2 (d), an application for external review shall not be admissible unless it complies with the time-line established in Staff Rule 10.02.2 (d) (ii). As demonstrated above, the application was not filed in line with this provision, and no waiver of time-limits can be granted. Therefore, since the application is not admissible, the Panel is prevented from entering into the merits, as has already been held in the Panel's decision of 14 July 2017 (OSCE PoA 1/2017).

Costs

- 24. Pursuant to Article VIII para. 5 of the Terms of Reference of the Panel, the Panel may award costs for legal fees to be reimbursed to successful applicants only. Therefore, the claim to reimburse costs for legal fees has to be rejected.
- 25. In light of the above, the application is rejected in its entirety.

Done in Vienna, on 31 January 2020

Thomas Laker

Chairperson

Catherine Quidenus

Member

Jenny Schokkenbroek

Member